

EX.

son,  
ne  
is,  
went on.  
was passing by,  
to the town,  
had labored,  
for his crown,  
moment,  
I to step in,  
air, breathing a

ent on.  
is Master,  
on the scene,  
e fiddlers  
tan had been.  
Saviour?  
So plain  
"As were glad,  
ent on.  
for a moment,  
n his chance,  
n fiddler  
advance,  
of silver,  
by me a tune?"  
what shall it be?  
ent on.  
A. In the title,  
gone by?"  
y backslider,  
cy did cry,  
the ball-room,  
made him whole.  
stayed to pray,  
ent on.  
on, Lunenburg.

vents.

LECTURE.  
ll lecture on the  
Consul Booth-  
d by Lantern  
z Pictures, and  
eetings at Sud-  
4; North Bay,  
March 6, 5, 7;  
ed, March 9;  
s, March 10;  
March 11; Mid-  
ton, March 12;  
18, Tues., March  
ed, March 16;  
arch 17; Peter-  
3; Bowmanville,  
arch 18, 20, 21;  
ch 22; Whitby,  
rooklin, Thurs-  
ry, Fri., March  
t, Sun., Mon.,  
arkham, Tues.

PROVINCE.  
everham, Feb.  
Collingwood,  
1, 27; Menford,  
1.

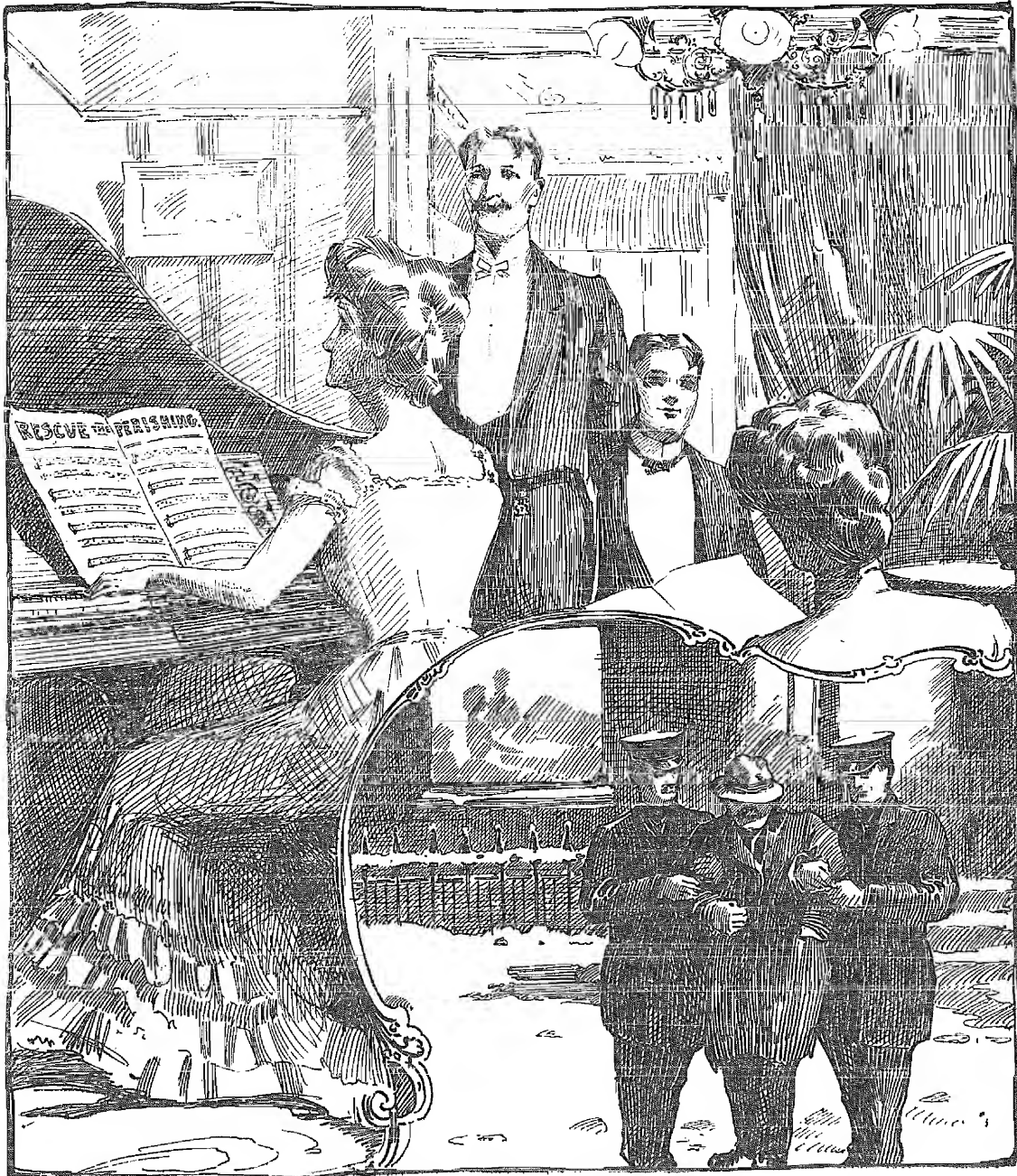
MENTS.  
i Falls, March  
rch 9; Brace-  
Grassland,  
March 12, 13,  
arch 15; Hall-  
andsey, March  
18; Bowman-  
21; Oshawa,  
r, March 23;  
r, Port Perry,  
March 26, 27  
h 29; Temple,  
1, April 2;  
1; Dundas,  
ril 6; Thorold,  
April 8; St.  
10, 11.  
1, March 7;  
9; Hespeler,  
ch 11; Paris,  
ord, March 14,  
h 16; Simcoe,  
h, March 18;  
h, March 19;  
h, March 22;  
1, March 23.  
al III, March  
10; Montreal  
gion, March  
14, 16, 18; St.  
18; Newport,  
rooke, March  
ch 20, 24, 25;

g, March 10,  
farch, 14, 15;  
17, 18; Port  
20; Dryden,  
22, March 23,  
26, 27; Win-  
t, March 11,  
ch 15; Butte,  
March 21, 22,  
24; Spokane,

# THE WAR CRY

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA, NW AMERICA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

20th Year. No. 24. WILLIAM BOOTH, General. TORONTO, MARCH 12, 1904. EVANGELINE BOOTH, Commissioner. Price, 5 Cents.



PRACTICAL SENTIMENTS.

(See page 8.)

## THE BROTHERHOOD OF SOULS.

All men to me are brothers, all souls I count  
my kin;  
For, be it robed in righteousness, or be it  
steeped in sin,  
Each human soul God's image bears, each  
shares the love divine,  
And the most hopeless must respond to influ-  
ence benign.

I must not judge another; it pertaineth not  
to me;  
Nor scorn the vilest, for the Lord alone the  
heart can see;  
I must not stand aloof from sin, fearing to be  
defiled,  
For such an act becometh not my blessed  
Father's child.

No human soul has ever yet the crown of  
victory won  
By keeping virtuously apart, the evil world  
to shun;  
The victor comes before the throne, arrayed  
in purity,  
"Unspotted from the world," wherein are  
dens of infamy.

Although the way to heaven is a narrow way  
indeed,  
It does not lie within the line of any special  
creed;  
The Spirit is not bound to walk in man's ap-  
pointed way,  
He leadeth only humble souls to the light of  
perfect day.

It is my creed that in the faithful following of  
Christ,  
All that forbids expansion of the soul is sac-  
rificed;  
The warping forms and cramping fences man  
has built around  
The Infinite, by Him shall all be shaken to  
the ground.

When Time's last mighty billow shall to  
shores immortal surge,  
The Infinite from out the finite then shall  
quite emerge.  
"Traditions of the elders" shall as morning  
mists depart,  
When Love shall reign eternal in the univer-  
sal heart.

Then sink all creed in brotherhood, for love  
alone shall last,  
Swift-winged, immortal, speeding to the Fu-  
ture from the Past,  
Where all the lovely blendeth into one har-  
monious whole,  
And love supreme is written on the Omni-  
present soul.

Elsie M. Graham.

## A Solemn Thought.

By J. H. Merrett.

"It is appointed unto man once to die."

Not a very pleasant subject for an after-  
noon tea party, it is true, but a more profit-  
able theme than is usually discussed all the  
same. Just to think, of all the people we meet  
—whether our friends and loved ones in our  
own small circles, the noisy crowds of child-  
ren at school, the busy throng of men and  
women hurrying along the streets on business  
or pleasure bent—not one of them can escape  
this great final appointment! The rich and  
the poor, the haughty and the humble, the  
prince and the pauper, the merchant and the  
customer, the master and the scholar, all are  
equal in this one respect—all must die.

Death is no respecter of person or posi-  
tion. The wealth of the rich man cannot re-  
lease him, the strength of the strong will fail  
him, the wickedness of the wicked will not  
deliver him! No favorites; no exemptions;  
no substitutes; no escapes! If consumption  
does not claim you as its victim, some burn-  
ing fever may bring you low. If you escape  
disease, an accident will cut you off sudden-

ly, 'probably without even a chance to say  
one last "Good-bye." In the midst of sup-  
posed good health death's messenger may  
make one loud, last knock at your heart's  
door. He enters the mansion of the high and  
the home of the humble, the office of the  
business man, the store, the workshop, the  
theatre, the school, the church—no place is  
too sacred for his entrance, no law can re-  
strain him, no lock or bolt can keep him out.  
When he speaks all must obey, when he  
strikes none can resist the blow. "For all  
flesh is as grass, and all the glory of man as  
the flower of grass." "There is one event to  
the righteous and the wicked; to the good,  
and to the clean, and to the unclean." "Man  
dieth and wasteth away; yea, man giveth up  
the ghost, and where is he?"

And if this be all true, then "why should  
the spirit of mortal be proud?" Death is  
death, no matter in what form it comes. And  
when a man is once dead, he is awfully dead,  
as far as the world is concerned. What dif-  
ference is there between the millionaire dying  
in his mansion and the pauper in the poor-  
house? Or the proud, haughty society wo-  
man and the poor, hard-working washer-wo-  
man whom she often despises? Supposing  
one man has a large funeral, with funeral  
march, and a long cortege of his prominent  
townspeople, while another poor fellow re-  
ceives only the scant ceremony of a pauper's  
interment! Both are alike dead, and will be  
alike soon forgotten. Truly life at best is  
vanity. Its pleasures are fleeting; its honors  
are vain; its treasures are moth-eaten and  
full of decay; and man himself is only as a  
dream of the night, whose journey from the  
cradle to the grave is as the shooting of a  
star across the midnight sky.

Boast not, vain man, nor on thy strength rely,  
For "it is appointed unto all men once to die."  
In that dread hour when strength will fail,  
Thy wealth will mock when death doth thee  
assail;

The honors of this world will flee away,  
And thou wilt be "a thing of yesterday."

But unto wisdom now thy heart apply,  
Seek ye God's face, and on His love rely;  
He will your many, many sins forgive,  
Teach you to die by teaching you to live,  
And in that hour your song shall be:  
"O death, where is thy sting? O grave, thy  
victory?"

## Evolution of the S. A.

## THE WEST INDIES.

The Salvation Army in the West Indies  
was generally well received, although it must  
not be supposed there was not a good supply  
of difficulties to be overcome. There were  
obstacles placed in our onward march of a  
very aggravating and peculiar nature, and it  
was only by the faithful toil and consistent  
living of a few devoted Salvationists, who  
held on year after year, that we ever gained  
a foothold, and that the blessed soul-saving  
work was begun which lifted those who had  
been fettered with heavy chains of sin out of  
their fearful condition and made them into  
bright and useful warriors of the cross.

Until recently there has been great financial  
depression in the Islands. It was not only  
sugar and rum that failed, but other products  
as well. Dye-woods, such as logwood, so a  
writer informs us, and fustic, did not really  
pay to "chip." Coffee was hardly worth  
picking. A time was when a barrel of dried  
berries might be purchased for about \$2.40,  
which is hardly one-fifth of the proper value.  
Large bunches of bananas might be had for  
2c., and oranges were sent to this country at  
a positive loss. The conditions have not  
helped the Army, which, with other organiza-  
tions, has been sadly handicapped by the  
straitened financial situation. But these  
things, happy to say, are now of the past, and  
our present and future outlook is of a pleasing  
character. We have at present about 148  
officers, commanding 83 corps and outposts,  
and a splendid work is being done in the dif-

ferent Islands, which we will later particu-  
larize.

The financial side of things has greatly  
improved, as will be gathered by the fact that  
\$1,970 was recently raised by the Army in  
its last Harvest Festival effort.

As elsewhere, the good work of the S. A.  
has not been confined to itself, but its aggres-  
sive work has had a good effect upon other  
Christian organizations, which it seems, for  
the greater part, had lapsed into indifference.  
Missions are now periodically conducted by  
nearly every denomination, open-air meetings  
are held, soul-saving work carried on, and  
many of our Army methods are adopted by  
others, even to a Self-Denial Week by the  
Episcopalians.

In the West Indian Islands and British  
Guiana—which together form our West In-  
dian Territory, with Headquarters in King-  
ston, Jamaica—a few whites are to be found  
amongst us, but the work is almost entirely  
in the interests of our colored populations,  
who, it is true, have a great many places of  
worship within their reach, but very many of  
whom are, nevertheless, in urgent need of sal-  
vation. In Jamaica we have now fifty-eight  
corps, located in all parts of this lovely island.  
The poverty of the people is still so extreme  
as to make it difficult for them to maintain  
the officers from their own resources; but a  
steady improvement in this respect is taking  
place.

In no part of the world, probably, has the  
Army been able to demonstrate its value to  
the poor so much as in these Islands. Here,  
as stated, its people have been in many cases  
literally penniless, and yet it has none the  
less succeeded, with a very small grant from  
the central funds, in establishing corps that  
carry glad tidings regularly into every corner  
of the land, and which have, mainly by free  
gifts and free labor, provided so many humble  
meeting-places in the villages.

There have of late been established in King-  
ston a Shelter and a Prison Gate Home, by  
means of which, during the past year, seventy  
ex-prisoners have got into situations, and  
thousands of the most needy have been  
helped upwards. Here and there we have a  
few white officers, but our officers have been  
raised principally from amongst the colored  
people.

Next in importance to Jamaica comes Bar-  
badoes, where there is a population of two  
hundred thousand people, crowded into a  
comparatively small area. We have here ten  
corps and thirteen officers, and some idea of  
the extent of our influence, and of the nature  
of the work, may be gathered from the fact  
that more than 120 persons sought mercy at  
a day's open-air meetings held by Commis-  
sioner Cadman, when recently visiting our  
comrades in those parts, near one little town.  
Throughout all these Islands, indeed, enor-  
mous and generally reverent crowds can be  
gathered out of doors, and it is no uncommon  
thing to see patients kneeling in the ring to  
seek salvation.

Corps have also been established in Trin-  
idad, St. Lucia, and Grenada, and the other  
small Islands will each, in turn, be included  
within the sphere of our action.

In British Guiana we have not only a very  
satisfactory work among the African, but  
amongst the Hindoo, laborers, of whom many  
already have been led to the Saviour. This  
Hindoo element is to be met with in other  
colonies also, and is generally despised, if not  
actually hated, by both whites and blacks.  
But in our Army the coolies find true friends,  
who refuse to know any distinction of race,  
and who proclaim to all alike the same Gospel  
that would unite all men in bonds of love  
and mutual sympathy. The leadership of our  
West Indian work has, within the last year,  
been taken over by Lieut-Colonel and Mrs.  
Rauch, who have had a long experience in  
South Africa.

No life overflows with joy that has room  
only for its own cares.

It takes less sense to find fault with all  
than to be fair with all.

When the universe ceases to be a riddle it  
becomes a revelation.



## THE GOOD OLD DAYS.

A STORY OF THE OPENING DAYS OF THE ARMY, BY S. U. B.

**W**E often speak of the "good old times" of long ago, and of the glorious and soul-inspiring seasons we spent together when the Army first opened fire in this country. We remember vividly the monster marches, the crowded halls, and the sweeping times of salvation, when scores knelt at the penitent form; and after the long prayer meetings we all used to get the "glory" and dance in praise to God at the conclusion of a victorious Sunday's campaign. It seems the easiest for us to remember the things which are pleasant, very often forgetting entirely the hardships and the trials which accompanied them. Yet it is the most usual thing in the world for conflicts to precede triumphs, and may we not conclude that the past victories won were worth winning, and that the battles were well fought. We think so. Thus to refresh our memories we have gleaned from an officer, once known as Capt. M. A. Cowan, some particulars of early struggles and accomplishments, which are well worth chronicling, and to some of our present-day officers and soldiers may be quite a revelation of the stiff fight of the days of yore.

Capt. Cowan was not born in a palatial residence in a select locality in a large city, but in a small village called Cartwright, near the illustrious town of Bowmanville, Ont., and at ten years of age moved with her parents to Palmerston. She was a farmer's daughter, and, fortunately for her, developed by hard work and plenty of fresh air into a good healthy specimen of womanhood.

In 1883 the Army "opened fire" in Palmerston, and the event was the gossip of the town. Our Salvation Army heroine was little interested in the Army's advent until one day, while down town, she casually came across a female officer, doing the most unseemly thing in the world—carrying and pounding a big drum, assisted in these heroic efforts by a Lieutenant, who beat vigorously a tambourine, while both with their shrill voices accompanied the melodious (?) strains of their respective instruments with singing—

"Jesus is a Rock in a weary land,  
A Shelter in the time of storm."

The future Capt. Cowan looked upon the two for a brief moment in great disgust. The foolishness of two girls marching alone down the main thoroughfare of Palmerston, with a drum and a tambourine, and singing such a song, was too ridiculous altogether, and the first impression Miss Cowan received was by no means a good one.

Mrs. Adj. Williams, that now is, was the officer in charge of the corps, and was in those days "holding forth" in the Town Hall. Curiosity induced the disgusted one to venture inside the meeting hall the next night. With the officers sat a few converts on the platform, whose testimonies, with the earnestness of the officers, partially removed the erroneous impressions of the night previous. The services were then regularly attended, and daily the subject of our sketch began to realize more fully her need of Christ, until she surrendered to God, in June, 1884.

Different to a good many converts of the present day, Marguerite A. Cowan had such a high opinion of the privileges of a Salvationist, and so thorough was her appreciation of their goodness, that it was some little time before she could muster the necessary courage to ask the Captain if she could become a soldier, so fearful was she that she would be refused. But she wasn't, of course. Soldiers were scarce in those days, and already the Captain had seen that Sister Cowan possessed the "right spirit" and those qualities which made the true gold in those Salvationists of long ago. Becoming a soldier of the Army, in those early days especially, meant a good deal of cross-bearing. In this case parents were exceedingly opposed to their daughter connecting herself with the Army, which made matters extremely hard at home;

however, Sister Cowan faithfully carried her heavy cross as a soldier for eighteen months, when the Divisional Officer paid a visit to Palmerston, who succeeded in getting Sister Cowan to offer herself for the work.

Those were not the days of delays. New openings were being made all over the country, and the need of officers was very great, and marching orders came very quickly for Candidate Cowan to proceed to Kincardine as a Cadet. Meeting her mother on the street one day, just a short time before she left for her appointment, Cadet Cowan told her of her purpose, who, since her daughter joined the Army, had entertained a very hostile attitude toward her, and replied, "If you go, all right; but remember you will never cross my doorstep again." To this the daughter replied, "When my father and my mother forsake me, then the Lord will take me up." (Ps. cxvii. 10.) "Well," came the mother's reply, "if you can stand upon that you can go." Two weeks later Cadet Cowan left for

was Sunday. A loaf had to be borrowed from the baker, with a promise to pay for it as soon as possible, and a diet of bread and milk sufficed for Easter Sunday. Frequently did this lassie-Cadet carry armsfull of wood from the barracks to the quarters, and vice versa, when she could not afford to have supplies at both places. This was not only physically very trying, but a very humiliating experience.

The District Officer of course was not aware of the desperate condition of things, or he would not have permitted the Cadet to remain. A Post Office Order reached her one morning for sufficient value to pay her fare to the anniversary meetings at Toronto, where the Cadet received fresh inspiration and returned to the attack!

Shortly after her return a telegram was handed to her with the glad information that a Captain and his wife were appointed to take charge of the corps, that the Cadet would in the future be known as Lieutenant Cowan, and was to proceed to Wingham, which at that time proved to be another "Hard Go," and if possible worse than Kincardine. The

Army had preceded the Salvation Army, and unfortunately the officer who had been in charge had misbehaved himself by

thieving, therefore the people had little confidence in any new movement; but by dint of perseverance, living godly lives, and house-to-house visitation, averaging 100 families each week, the respect of the people was secured, twenty-eight souls were saved, and fourteen soldiers placed on the roll, not appearing perhaps on the surface a very brilliant accomplishment, nevertheless, taking into consideration the bitter feeling with which these pioneers had to contend at the onset, one not to be despised.

London II. followed Wingham, which was another heart-breaker in those days. Many a night this lassie-Lieutenant persisted in carrying the big drum on the march, and sallied forth accompanied by an aged couple. The crowds which congregated in the barracks were by no means the most inspiring, and it was a pretty tight squeeze to keep out of debt. Twenty-five cents' worth of wood could only be purchased at a time, and luxuries to eat or grand clothes to wear, were out of the question. So much

so that Lieut. Cowan well remembers a soldier bringing a chicken to the quarters, which was, as may be supposed, greatly relished. Typhoid fever brought a five months' stay to a close, followed by an illness of six weeks.

Then came Wyoming, Lieut. Cowan being promoted to the rank of Captain to take charge. Another stiff fight was waged here, the Captain often taking the drum, and never being assisted by more than three comrades and the Lieutenant.

Yes, these were the "good old days" we hear so often talked about, and lasting good was done, but we must not forget they were the days of trial also.

(To be continued.)



"Frequently did this lassie cadet carry arms full of wood from the quarters to the barracks."

the appointment mentioned. She was met at the depot by the Cadet who conducted her to the quarters, where she was greeted by the Captain. The home was scantily furnished, and things generally did not look very cheery. The Cadet then at Kincardine was farewelled shortly after, then the Captain left, and Cadet Cowan found herself the commanding officer in charge of the Kincardine corps with two soldiers, one a fisherman and the other a butcher, two sincere, godly fellows. But the fight was stiff, and the people did not receive the Army kindly. The Cadet visited from door to door, but the occupants would not permit her to enter. The meetings were only attended by a few people, and the whole fighting force consisted of the butcher and the Cadet, except that three nights a week the fisherman would also be present. Finances were low—extremely so very often. One Saturday night particularly can be remembered when there was only five cents in the house. This was used by the Cadet to purchase a quart of milk, expecting that some more money would be secured in the meeting. But the people just then were not feeling generously disposed, and not a cent was put into the collection plate. Here was a desperate situation—no food for the morrow, which

The late Queen Louise of Denmark was a shy woman, who preferred a full inner life to a shining external one. She possessed in an extraordinary degree the power of "suggesting" to others without appearing to wish or will. Though masterful, she never appeared to seek for mastery in family or other matters, and she retained, to the last day of her life, her material hold on the hearts of her children and kin.



## The War.

Vice-Admiral Togo, of the Japanese Navy, seems determined to capture Port Arthur. Two more attacks have taken place. In the first the Japanese endeavored to steer four old merchant vessels, loaded with stone, into the narrow entrance of the inner harbor, and there to sink them, in order to bottle up the Russian fleet. The Russian land batteries and the guns of the old disabled warship Retvizan, which lies in the outer harbor in a disabled condition, however, bombarded these boats, and managed to sink them before they reached the desired position. The Japanese claim to have escaped unhurt, while the Russians claim to have blown up one torpedo boat and sunk another.

The second engagement took place on Feb. 29th, when, after a heavy bombardment, some of the Russian vessels returned in a damaged condition.

On land the Japanese advance guard and the Russian cavalry have met each other at Ping Yang, in Corea, half way between the Yalu River and Seoul, the capital.

Vladivostok reports that a Japanese squadron has been espied, and appears to intend blockading that port.

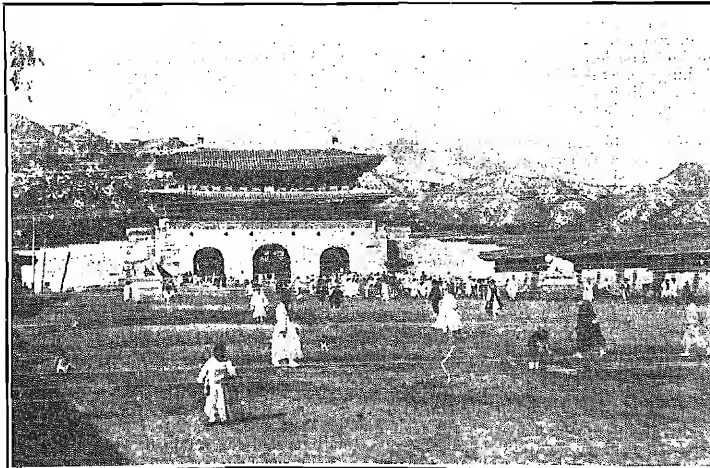
Fears are expressed in Russia for the safety of Port Arthur. The commanding General has issued an order to inform his troops that he will never surrender, but fight till death. The Japanese are anxious to capture that important position.

A small Russian gunboat is in a Chinese harbor, where it intends to stay till the end of the war. The Japanese are trying to bring pressure to bear upon the Chinese to expel the gunboat.

## Canadian Cuttings.

Immigration and railway officials are making ready for the spring rush of new settlers for the West. The opening is a little earlier this year. The first lot arrived on the steamer Bavarian at Halifax, and consisted of 444 persons. Five hundred more are expected on the Lake Erie, and it is estimated that before the end of the week 2,000 will be on the way westward.

While an employee of the Vancouver Power Company was walking from the tunnel on Lake Coquitlam, on a lonely road, he was suddenly attacked by a fierce beast, which sprang from the bushes and seized him by the arm. He was badly bitten in the struggle.



Main Gate of the Palace of the Korean Emperor at Seoul.

He escaped and ran to the city of New Westminster, a mile or so, and is now in the hospital for treatment. It was so dark at the time of the accident that he could not tell whether the animal was a lynx or a cougar.

Plans for a new university building at Ottawa, to replace the burned structure, are being considered.

A Cordage Company, of Chatham, was fined \$350 and costs for selling "short" binder twine.

Fire at Dracebridge destroyed Mrs. A. E. Pelletier's residence, part of which was occupied by Mr. J. Warlow's family. A two-months' old infant of Mrs. Warlow was burned to death.

A pathetic story comes from Sherrington, Quebec, of two aged brothers, Edouard and Narcisse Beaudin, whose dwelling was burned, each returning to the building in search of the other, and both lost their lives in the flames.

Preparations are under way by immigration officials at Winnipeg to receive three thousand European immigrants. Six special trains will be required at St. John, N.B.

The Nottawa flour mill, at Collingwood, was burned. Loss, \$10,000.

At St. Felicien de Roberval, Quebec, Mrs. Gagon and seven children were burned to death, their dwelling taking fire while they slept.

The Imperial Oil Company are making large reductions in their force at Sarnia, on account of the falling off of the supply of crude oil.

The Kingston Locomotive Works have orders for twenty-five engines for the Intercolonial and ten for the C.P.R.

## U. S. Siftings.

One of the most extensive cave-ins that the northern anthracite coal regions has ever experienced occurred in West Scranton. It affected an area of about forty acres. There are about 200 houses in the district affected. Some are completely wrecked, others are out of plumb, while nearly every house in the

territory is twisted to such an extent that the doors and windows cannot be opened. The cave-in was caused by the settling of the surface over the diamond vein of the Bellevue colliery of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company. In many cases the depression is from three to four feet below the surface.

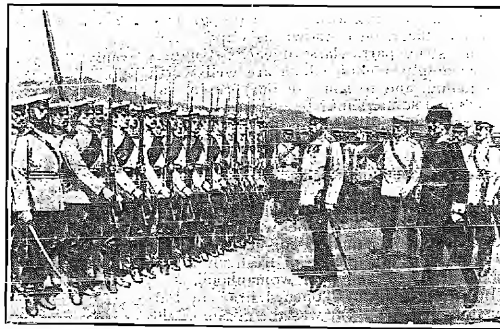
The United States-Panama Canal treaty was ratified at Washington and declared effective.

Three large departmental stores, at Rochester, N.Y., were destroyed by fire, the loss being estimated at \$3,000,000.

## British Briefs.

Premier Jameson, speaking at a Cape Town banquet, said that agriculture was the main feature of the Government's program. The Government was not creating anything, but was following in the footsteps of Cecil Rhodes.

It is reported at Victoria, B.C., that H.M.S.



Review of the Russian Infantry by Viceroy Alexieff.

Bonaventure, flagship of the North Pacific squadron, en route from Portsmouth, is ashore on the South American coast.

In opening the Newfoundland Legislature, Governor Boyle said negotiations were pending which would obviate a renewal of the French shore modus vivendi after this year.

The bill to make the metric system of weights and measures compulsory in Britain within two years, passed its second reading in the House of Lords.

The Victorian Government will submit to a referendum the question of teaching Scriptures in the State schools.

A meeting at Wellington, New Zealand, adopted resolutions favoring greater naval co-operation with Britain.

The British army estimates for the year, not including the cost of the Somaliland expedition, total \$144,500,000.

The cotton acreage in India this year will be larger than ever.

## International Items.

A cable from Lima, Peru, says that advices from La Paz, Bolivia, announce that the traditional treasure of the Incas has been discovered at Challacats. It amounts to \$18,000,000. The discoverers are of various nationalities, and are quarreling over the treasure, although a legal contract exists between them as to the division. The authorities have interfered.

The building of the Russian Government railroad along the southern shore of the Crimea has been postponed on account of the war.

The suppression of the religious orders in France entails an expenditure of \$12,800,000 for new schools, and an additional sum of \$1,300,000 for teachers.

It is reported that ex-President Kruger, of the Transvaal, is dying at Mentone, France.

Russian agents are alleged to have removed boundary pillars on the Turkestan-Afghan frontier.

The rebellion in German Southwest Africa is spreading to hitherto unaffected territory.

IN THE K...  
physiqu...  
Dr. Mc...  
aminations...  
ren, taken f...  
lection whic...  
sentative...  
six hundred...  
diseases of...  
suffering fr...  
In Aberd...  
examined h...  
diseased, an...  
formities...  
It has be...  
that if a st...  
England, th...  
ful reading

Much of...  
ren may b...  
and it has...  
thirty per...  
therefrom...  
ported by...  
from the...  
ing Break...  
Mr. R...  
London M...  
ing infor...  
food of th...  
Sir John...  
with him...  
who is a...  
sex, and...  
don child...  
there by...  
Fund, rel...  
healthy f...  
are accus...  
dines, re...  
that kind...  
and vege...  
Some...  
experience...  
Many o...  
evidently



nutriti...  
it was...  
three-c...  
bread

"In...  
to Mr...  
the cl...  
penury...  
of pic...  
of ch...  
are w...  
hours...  
walk...  
dime...  
ren at...  
to be...  
The...  
the e...  
and...  
time...  
It...  
that...  
of s...  
labo



## CHILD LIFE IN LONDON.

## HOW YOUNG LONDON IS FED AND WORKED.

IN the Royal Commission's Report on the physique of school children in Scotland, Dr. McKenzie describes the physical examinations of six hundred Edinburgh children, taken from four different schools, a selection which may be fully said to be representative. The doctor states that of these six hundred children 423 were suffering from diseases of different sorts, whilst ten were suffering from deformities.

In Aberdeen, out of six hundred children examined by Dr. Matthew Hay, 274 were diseased, and twenty-one suffering from deformities.

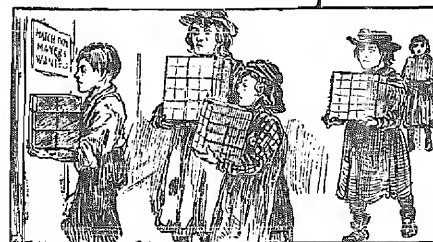
It has been said by one competent to know, that if a similar Commission were to sit for England, their report would be fully as painful reading.

## Defective Food.

Much of the physical degeneracy of children may be attributed to defective nutrition, and it has been estimated that as many as thirty per cent. of the school children suffer therefrom. This estimate is abundantly supported by the facts which are forthcoming from the children who crowd to our Farthing Breakfasts.

Mr. R. H. Sherard gives in the London Magazine some interesting information concerning the food of the children of the poor. Sir John Gorst, in a conversation with him, said, "I have a cousin who is a vicar in a village in Essex, and he tells me that the London children, who are sent down there by the Country Holiday Fund, refuse at first to touch the healthy fare set before them. They are accustomed to eat pickles, sardines, red herrings, and things of that kind, and won't touch meal and vegetables."

Something of the sort was experienced at Poplar last winter. Many of the children who were evidently suffering from lack of



Taking the Boxes to the Factory.

nutrition were tried with soup and meat. But it was no good; the basins were pushed aside three-quarters full. They greedily devoured bread and jam and tea.

## Pickles and Brawn.

"In the Notting Dale district," according to Mr. Sherard's article, "the staple diet of the children is brawn and pickles. One pennyworth of brawn, and a halfpennyworth of pickles, form the daily dinner of thousands of children who, besides attending school, are working long hours—from thirty to fifty hours a week—in their spare time. If you walk down Latimer Road, for instance, at dinner-time, you will see forty or fifty children at any time waiting outside the pork shops to be served with their pennyworth of brawn. The taste for this kind of food grows up with the children, and when they have left school, and have gone into the factories, they continue to feed themselves in the same way."

It is upon such unsustaining food as this that many of the young have to face the tasks of school as well as the long hours of their labor after school hours.

## Long Hours of Labor.

How long these hours are in some cases may be learned from the fact that it has been given in evidence that some children have worked eighty hours a week in addition to going to school for twenty-seven and a half hours; while out of 1,448 children, in addition to school, 492 were employed under twenty hours a week, 473 from twenty to thirty hours, 446 from thirty to forty hours, 87 from forty to fifty hours, 10 over fifty hours. These cases are described as being absolutely typical.

Some idea of the nature of the children's toil may be gathered from the following—we again quote from "The London": "in the hands of the schoolmistress of St. Clement's School, Notting Dale, is the photograph of a little boy, who, by carrying heavy loads of china for an employer, has been literally twisted out of human shape. He is only the type of a very large class. We may take it that the loads that children are made to carry are of a weight exacting their extremest efforts; of this we have abundant



A "Farthing" Breakfast for Baby.

proof. We hear of a slight girl of thirteen, who is found in a tin-plate works, carrying thirty-one pounds on her frail arms; of a grocer's boy who was dragged quite on one side; of a lad of eleven carrying heavy senttles of coal from the top."

## Unwholesome Conditions.

But the grocers' and other tradesmen's boys do bear their heavy burdens in the open-air; other hapless little ones are doomed to toil for long hours in ill-ventilated rooms amid foetid smells—at match-box making, paper-bag making, etc.

In the match-box making trade, the home workers are paid from 1½d. to 2½d. per gross for the smaller boxes, and 2½d. for the larger ones. Each box consists of seven pieces, thus 1,008 pieces have to be handled and worked for the earning of say twopenney. Vesta boxes with little pull tabs are paid for at 3½d. to 4½d. per gross. These consist of eleven pieces each.

The work is very mechanical, and children soon get accustomed to it. In one home there was a mother with four children busily engaged. They all went to school, and had to help as soon as they came out. One little chap of eight said, "I don't mind doing it,

but I wish I didn't feel so tired." His weariness is not to be wondered at.—Social Gazette.

## OUR EAST INDIAN LETTER.

Colombo, Jan. 14th, 1904.

Self-Denial Fund last year was Rs. 4,000, and the Lord helped the Territory to raise Rs. 4,500. Praise Him!

Commissioner Higgins visited us again on the 31st Dec. last, and spent about eleven days with us. The officers' councils were marked with Holy Ghost power, and the congregations at Kandy, Hewadiwela, Moratumalla, and Moratuwa I. corps beat all past record in numbers, since five souls came out for salvation at the Prince Street Hall.

Your humble servant has farewelled from Colombo, where he had been for the last fifteen years, and has been now appointed to take charge of Rambukkana Division, from the 20th inst.

Staff-Captain Samenatvera, who is just



Match-Box Making at Home.

promoted to the rank of Major, is appointed Chancellor and the Editor of Yuddagosawa, the Singhalese War Cry. The new Major and his wife, Major Devya Jaya, were converted from dark Buddhism, and have faithfully served God for upwards of about thirteen years. They have, during their service, held severally and jointly very important appointments, and waged many victories for God.

The many good friends in Ceylon contributed to our Christmas treat funds very liberally, and have thus helped us to cheer those who were dependent upon the Army for their Christmas enjoyment. Capt. Grose, the live contribution to Ceylon's salvation from Canada, got up a nice Christmas tree for his class of juniors, and it was a source of very great encouragement for the children to continue coming to his class to learn of Jesus and His salvation.

The inmates of the Prison Gate Home, Rescue Home, children of village schools, and the officers' children, had their treat in their turn, and so helped the natal celebrations once more to be kept before the mind's eyes of all and everyone that are under the influence of the Army.

The juniors' prize distribution anniversary of Moratuwa II. corps was presided over by Commissioner Higgins, to see and hear whom a large audience were present.

My next address perhaps for many years to come is Rambukkana, Ceylon, where we reckon our soldiers, recruits, adherents, and converts by hundreds.—S. S. Perera, Major.

## SEVENTY-FOUR SOULS IN TWELVE DAYS.

(By Wire.)

The Harmonic Revivalists are having stirring times at Napanee. Seventy-four souls came forward in twelve days. Meetings were characterized with divine power; Sunday's were the best yet. Twenty-eight souls were the total for the day. Barracks was gorged and crowds turned away. Twenty young men knelt at the penitent form. Our faith is high for a triumphant wind-up.—Silvis.

# The SOLDIER'S ARSENAL.

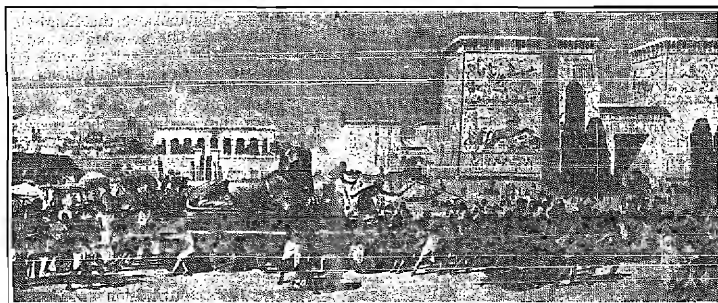
## NOTES ON GENESIS.

### Chapter XLIX.

#### Jacob Blessing His Sons.

Jacob was the last great patriarchal representative and possessor of the covenant blessing of Jehovah. His grandfather, Abraham, had been separated from his kindred and native land, and received the promise of the covenant of circumcision. Isaac was preferred, to the exclusion of the sons of Keturah, and he transmitted the prophetic blessing of the covenant to Jacob, thereby excluding and supplanting Esau. Jacob is now about to die, and the chosen seed are henceforth to be represented by twelve tribes, rather than by one great father. It was fitting, therefore, before this last great patriarch was gathered to his people, that the voice of prophecy should issue from his lips, and, magnifying itself above the blessings of the everlasting hills (verse 26), should disclose unto his children some things that would befall them in the last days. Israel will have no successor like himself, and the book of Genesis ends with the 'generations of Israel,' but the divine thoughts of this prophecy appear again in the blessing of Moses (Deut. xxxiii.), and various other prophecies.

Having bestowed his dying benedictions upon his sons, Jacob's heart turns to his fathers, to whom he is about to be gathered.



The Israelites in Egypt.

There is a touching tenderness in the allusion to Machpelah and Manure—to Abraham and Sarah, and Isaac, and Rebekah, and Leah. He would have his body repose along with theirs, as, also, he expected his immortal part would "be gathered unto his people" in Sheol. Thus the grand old patriarch calmly replaces his feet on the bed and breathes out his life.

### Chapter L:

A touching picture is here presented of Joseph's tender emotion. His love for his father was deep and fervent, and the magnificent funeral accorded to the remains of the old patriarch were due to Joseph's devotion, as well as his position.

In fact, the royal character of the funeral obsequies of both Jacob and Joseph form a fitting end to the history of the patriarchal age. No prophet, or prince, or king of Israel's line, even in the noontide glory of the Hebrew monarchy, was ever laid to rest with such pomp and splendor. The funeral ceremony was, with the Egyptians, an elegant art, in which they concentrated their religion and highest philosophy, and on which they lavished their taste and wealth.

On the decease of their father, Joseph's brethren feared that the anger of their youngest brother would break out against them. But the magnanimity of Joseph's kind heart soon assures them once again that he entertains no hard feelings against them, and de-

clares that he will provide for them and take care of them.

We may be sure that they were not slow to carry out the oath he had exacted of them, and that when they left the land of Egypt they took his mummy with them and buried him with his father. When the fetters of Mohammedanism shall be broken, and the tombs of Palestine reveal their contents, there is no doubt but that the remains of Joseph will be found in the tomb of Machpelah, with those mentioned in the closing verses of the previous chapter.

## OUR SACRED CHARTER.

### BOOKS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

#### 4.—St. John.

John, brother of James and son of Zebedee, was one of the earliest and also the youngest of our Lord's disciples, honored with the distinction "whom Jesus loved." His Gospel was written at the close of the first century or beginning of the second, long after the others had become well known throughout Christendom. He had all of them before him; he supplied what they had omitted, corrected false impressions produced by reading them, and gave the cue for their deeper interpretation. He directly refers to and corroborates much that they have recorded, but abstains from

## INSTRUCTION DRILL.

### What a Soldier Should Know About His Duties and Privileges, and the Teachings of the Salvation Army.

In order to improve his mind the Salvation Soldier should improve his ability to recollect facts, occurrences, and truths that are likely to be useful in the future. This is what is called memory.

Memory is a great gift. A good memory will be very helpful to him in talking, praying, writing, and doing good generally. Some have naturally a much stronger memory than others. A little care will do a great deal towards its improvement.

He should not try only to remember things, but to have them stored up in his mind, so that he can call them up when he wants them, on the platform, or in the open-air ring, when pleading with sinners personally, or when writing letters to his friends, or articles for the War Cry. It is, therefore, worth his while to be at a good deal of trouble to improve his memory.

To improve his memory he must: (a) Find it something to do. He must try and learn a short passage of Scripture off by heart every day, or anyway three or four texts per week. (b) When he meets with a good song, he should learn it. (c) He should neither burden his memory with trifles, or fill up his mind with rubbish. (d) He should not read a large quantity of things like newspapers, that he does not expect to try to remember. Nothing weakens the memory more than this.

To improve his mind he must exercise his judgment. By this is meant the ability which God has given him to reflect on the wisdom or folly, to distinguish between the rightness and wrongness of human conduct, and to form a correct opinion concerning it. He should seek to judge himself faithfully and truly, and those about him wisely and charitably. A good judgment is a very valuable gift.

## A GLIMPSE OF GOD'S GLORY.

By a Staff Officer.

I saw the majesty of God! No, it was not a dream;

I was awake, and not asleep, when came this glory-beam.

When into my dark heart it shone it lightened up the whole—

Then filled me to the overflow, and satisfied my soul!

I saw the splendor of His face; I glimpsed His love and might—

But neither tongue nor pen can tell the glory of that sight!

My spirit shrank from such a scene; the self-life in me died;

Consisting of my will, my way, my manliness, and pride;

For no man can see God and live, and so I died to sin,

And all the doubtful little things that used to reign within;

Things that I never used to think an hindrance in my way

I realized as stumbling-blocks to be removed that day.

Now I have peace, yes, perfect peace; my mind is stayed on God;

And I have love, abundant love, to tread the path Christ trod.

The light of God now floods my mind; my eyes can farther see—

The fever of anxiety no longer worries me! Praise God! for He has sanctified, and made

my dark heart white, And granted unto such as me the spirit of the light!

W. R. P.





# Young People's Page

## Discoveries and Adventures.

### III.—POLAR EXPLORATIONS SINCE 1830.

(Continued.)

**Arctic.**—Exploration in Greenland was immensely stimulated by Nordenskiöld's migration across its ice-cap. His second journey was made in 1883, from the head of Audlitsvik fiord, south of Desco Bay. Crevassees stopped the main party, July 21st, in 48° 15' N., at an elevation of 4,000 feet. His Lapps preceded on skis 140 miles farther, to 6,600 feet, in 58° 32' N., 42° 50' W. The crest of the ice was still to the east, but they were nearer to Sermitik fiord of the east coast than to their starting-point. Later Nordenskiöld rounded Cape Farewell in the Sofia, followed the east coast, and passing Grønholms farthest, discovered and explored King Oscar Harbor, 65° 35' N., 27° W.

The first man to cross Greenland was Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, who started from the east coast. A Norwegian sealer attempted fruitlessly for weeks to land him, and when Nansen took to boats he was carried 240 miles south by the ice stream. Leaving at Anorokk, 62° 5' N., he eventually took the inland ice at Unilik, 64° 45' N., on August 10th, 1883, with five sledges. After seventeen days they were only forty miles inland, at an elevation of 7,000 feet, in 64° 50' N. Constrained by circumstances, Nansen changed his course toward Godthaab 64° N., instead of toward Christianshaab, 68° N. The crest of Greenland proved to be a broad plateau nearly 9,000 feet high, with a gentle western slope that permitted the travelers to sail long distances. They reached, Sept. 29th, Kangerunuk fiord, sixty miles south of Godthaab. This hazardous journey showed that the ice-cap of Greenland is of unbroken continuity.

More important were the journeys of R. E. Peary, United States Navy, farther to the north. In 1886 he advanced fifty miles inland from Disco, on the ice-cap. In 1891 he made his winter quarters at McCormick's Bay, about 77° 45' N., 71° W. May 14th, 1892, he started across the inland ice with sixteen dogs and four sledges. From a point 150 miles inland, Peary and Astrup advanced alone. Turned by crevassees from Peterman and St. George's fiords to the east, they reached the north edge of the ice-cap under the 82nd parallel, whence across the inlet they saw to the north the comparatively ice-free land discovered by Lockwood in 1882. Eventually Peary reached, July 4th, Navy Cliff, Independence Bay, 4,000 feet high, in 81° 23' N. To the northeast was an ice-free land extending to 85° W., to the east the Spitzbergen Ocean. Killing five musk-oxen, they returned, crossing the divide at 8,000 feet. Renewing his explorations in 1893, from an adjacent base, Bowdoin Bay, with eight men, twelve sledges, and ninety-two dogs, Peary saw his utmost efforts fail under adverse weather. After traveling 134 miles he cached his food and abandoned the trip, losing sixty-six dogs. Astrup returned to Independence Bay, and the main party returned to the United States that autumn, but Peary remained another winter with two men.

In 1895, with six men (four Eskimo) six sledges, and sixty-three dogs, Peary made a journey of extraordinary danger and difficulty, by which he again reached Independence Bay. Scarcely of game threatened to destroy the trip, strenuous as they reached Bowdoin Bay, one dog dying and the men reduced to most desperate straits. Peary's successive journeys extended northward in the east, of east Greenland, to 81° 23' N. To the northeast, carrying to its latitude 15° to the west, tended to prove that the new land of Lockwood is of limited extent. Independence Bay probably connects with Nordenskiöld Inlet and bordering Greenland, miles to the land to the north, reports as advanced by Greely. The studies by Chamberlain (Peary relief expedition) of the Raglefief Gulf glaciers are important contributions.

The most important scientific polar explorations are those of the International Circumpolar Stations, established through the efforts of Lieut. C. Weyrich, Austrian navy, and in accordance with the recommendations of the International Polar Conference, 1879, and of Berne, 1880, many nations have taken part in the explorations, and each can lay claim to important arctic discoveries.

(To be continued.)

### GREAT GOLD MINES.

The biggest gold-producing mine in the world is the Homestake, in South Dakota. It is one of the poorest, relatively, as the ore only yields 15¢ a ton, but as against this the costs are only 10¢ a ton. At present the quantity of ore treated a year is over 1,400,000 tons; that is, with 900 stamps, but 200 more are going to be added. The output from gold mines is now over 20,000 ounces of fine gold a month. About three miles from Homestake is a mine called Golden Reward, which also is entirely owned by Americans. This mine is now producing as much more than \$20,000 a month, but in a year or two this will be greatly increased.

In West Australia there are seven mines with yields which bring them into the first rank of gold producers. These are Boulder, Perseverance, Golden Horseshoe, Great Fingall, Great Boulder, Ivanhoe, and Oroya-Brownhill; and in each there are one or more reserves which assure the present yield, or perhaps even a bigger one, for years to come.

The two big Indian mines, Champion Reef and Mysore, are now in the front rank of gold producers. The smaller mines adjoining them, Ooregum and Nundydroog, are likely to rival them; but two such great mines are a good average for one country. In the Transvaal you have the curious feature of

dozens of great gold mines working at half their capacity for want of labor. That is a temporary affair, which does not affect the real capacity of these mines. There are seventeen Transvaal mines among the thirty biggest gold-producers of the world, and the balance is made up of six mines in West Australia, three in the United States, one in Queensland, and one in New Zealand; all these, let it be noted, are in the territories of, and are controlled by, English-speaking people. Of the seventeen Transvaal mines ten are micropores, six are first row deeps, and one is a second row deep.

There are also a few mines only in the first stages of development, which may become very famous yet, probably outstripping all past records. These are the Dos Estrellas in Mexico, the Santo Domingo, belonging to the Inca Company in Peru, and the Redjiang Leboan in Sumatra. The elements of greatness belong, too, although on a more modest basis, to the Tasmania mine, in the Island of that name, and to the Oriental mine in Corea. These names are hardly known to the vulgar throng, and the mines do not yet rank with the great producers; but the Dos Estrellas is valued by its Mexican owners at millions of pounds. The Santo Domingo was last year producing 8,000 ounces a month with five stamps; the Redjiang Leboan has at one chute 2,000 feet long, 12 feet thick, worth \$6 a ton; the Tasmania, now wrestling with an immense flow of water, has at 1,200 feet a fode of almost similar value and size, and the Oriental has 200 stamps at work in the Corean forests, and over a million tons of ore blocked out.

## PRESENT DAY RULERS.

### II.—VICTOR EMANUEL III., King of Italy.

Scarcely four years ago this young King, then Crown Prince, was cruising with his bride in the Mediterranean when the sudden news of the assassination of his father, King Humbert I., recalled him, to ascend the throne of his ancestors.

He is said to be a peacefully-inclined monarch who has not yet shown any exceptional abilities. He rules over a constitutional monarchy of thirty-three millions of people, and his kingdom covers an area of 110,000 square miles, besides including some coasts and dependencies.

Victor Emmanuel III. Africa, covering 188,500 square miles, with \$50,000 of a population.

### FATHER JOHN.

The ignorance and the religious fanaticism of the Russian peasantry are illustrated in a striking manner by the almost blasphemous veneration of which the famous Father John, of Kronstadt, much against his will, is made the object. Some time ago a peasant in the Government of Kostroma wrote a hymn in honor of Father John, placing him almost on an equality with the persons of the Trinity. The Kronstadt priest wrote a severe letter to the peasant, rebuking him for his blasphemy, but this had no effect, and he was compelled to go in person to Kostroma in order to put a stop to the growth of a sect which was being founded to worship him. This is only one case out of many. There are cases in which peasants openly maintain their conviction that Father John is the Christ, the reincarnation of the Divine Spirit. One aged pilgrim who holds fast to this belief, when he was arrested and threatened with punishment, declared with enthusiasm that he would gladly die for his Saviour. Portraits of Father John are frequently used as icons and are venerated in the same way. Several societies have been formed to uphold the doctrine of the divinity of the Kronstadt priest in spite of all his vehement protests.

### LAYING UP MERIT IN INDIA.

I met in Indian an intelligent Sikh from the Punjab and said him only his religion.

He replied, "I believe in one God, and I repeat my prayers, called Japli, every morning and evening. These prayers occupy six pages of print, but I can get through them in little more than ten minutes."

He seemed to pride himself on this rapid recitation as a work of increased merit.

I said, "What else does your religion require of you?"

He replied, "I have made one pilgrimage to a holy well near Amritsar. Eighty-five steps lead down to it. I descended and bathed in the sacred pool. Then I ascended one step and repeated my Japli in about ten minutes. Then I descended again to the pool and bathed again, and ascended to the second step. Then I descended a third time and repeated my Japli a second time, bathed, and ascended to the third step and repeated my Japli a third time; and so on for the whole eighty-five steps, eighty-five bathings, and eighty-five repetitions of the same prayers. It took me exactly fourteen hours, from 5 p.m. one evening to 7 a.m. next morning."

I asked, "What good do you expect to get by going through this time?"

He replied, "I hope I have laid up a great store of merit, which will last me a long time."

This is the genuine Hindu idea.—Sir, Moller Williams in Ex.

## The Amateur Photographer.

**Correct Exposure.**—This is very difficult to arrive at; experience, and experience only, will teach the right amount. A few general principles alone can be given as a guide, and practice must do the rest. A thoughtful exposure of half-a-dozen plates in succession will accomplish a great deal in this direction. There is, however, some latitude in exposure. For instance, if three seconds be the correct exposure, no doubt anything between two and five seconds could be rendered a successful picture by a cautious manipulation. Seven factors are to be considered in arriving at a correct exposure. These are (1) light, (2) subject, (3) time of day, (4) time of year, (5) lens, (6) stop, and (7) plate.

Undoubtedly "tables of exposure" would be of immense service to the beginner, but they should be regarded as "crutches" only, which a little experience should put the amateur in a position to permanently dispense with.

Meanwhile our first picture is waiting to be exposed. It is an ordinary landscape subject, we will suppose, lit up by a mid-day June sun. The picture has been focussed very sharply, without stop, then stop inserted in slit, and lens capped. It is well to focus for middle distance, and then stop down till the picture is sharp, and distance is both rendered sharp. The plate-holder has been put into proper groove, the slide drawn out, the plate-holder all the time being carefully covered by the black cloth to prevent the light from penetrating any weak places, and so spoiling all our work. Now comes the critical moment of actual exposure. We wait for a moment or two till the trees are perfectly still, then we remove the cap for one second, or while we count five as quickly as possible, then replace it, push back the slide of our dark-back, remove latter from camera, wrap in black cloth, and hurry to the dark-room for first attempt at development.

**Latent Image.**—If the beginner will examine in his dark-room the plate he has just exposed, he will doubtless be surprised to find not the slightest trace of the picture he took. The film has, apparently, undergone no change since he charred his plate-holder. But the picture is there all the same, latent. It is true, and requiring searching chemicals to give the same bodily form, as it were.

**Developing.**—Before proceeding to develop, we must study first what we are about to do. The beginner may as well be told here that, providing the exposed plate be kept perfectly free from any trace of light, he may develop it whenever he feels so disposed. Over-exposed plates should not, however, be kept, as the light on the film has an effect even after actual exposure.

There are three essential chemicals required in the development of the latent image: (1) A reducer; (2) an accelerator; and (3) a restrainer.

Undoubtedly the beginner will do well to commence with the "Pyro" development first. When he has gained experience with this he can then experiment with any of the more modern developers.

The "Pyro" Development.—(1) Pyrogallol acid (commonly called "pyro"), (2) Bromide of potassium, or ammonia, it is immaterial which; (3) ammonium liquor ammonia (.880). "Pyro" is a fluffy, snow-like powder, exceedingly light, and very soluble. This chemical is poisonous, and the solution is a Bromide of potassium in crystals, and is a very stable compound, keeping in solution indefinitely. Ammonia is known to everyone.

Considering that the "developing bath" is not always of the same strength in each of these chemicals, it is best to have them all three mixed up separately. It is far more scientific and convenient, too, to have them made up in three 10 per cent solutions; half a grain, or even a tenth of a grain can then be measured with the greatest accuracy, remembering that every ten drops of each solution contain one pure grain, or one minim of that particular chemical. Should different plates be experimented with, too, the bath can be varied with each. One thing, however, the beginner must be strongly warned against, and that is the harmful habit of dipping from one system of development in another. Stick to one system till it is thoroughly mastered; then, if that does not give perfect satisfaction, try another, but not until the original one has been given at least six months' trial. None can be simpler than the one here given, and none can give better results. Should, therefore, the beginner fall with this developer, let him assuredly lay to heart this fact, namely, that the fruit lies at his own door.

After a time, perhaps, "dry pyro" may be substituted with advantage for "pyro in solution," but this should be deferred. The only objection against using pyro in solution is that it will not keep at all by itself in water, and not very long with any preservative chemical mixed with it. The remedy, however, is to use it do not mix in too large a quantity at first, but use small quantities fresh.

Procure, therefore, three glass-stoppered bottles (yellow are best), and label each with the name of its contents:

### Ten Per Cent. Solutions.

I.—Pyro Solution.—Meta-bisulphite of potash, 14 oz.; pyrogallol acid, 14 oz.; made up to 24 oz. water.

II.—Bromide Solution.—Bromide of potassium (or ammonia), 14 oz.; made up to 5 oz. water.

III.—Ammonia Solution.—Liquid ammonia (.880), 14 oz.; water, 10 oz.

Ten drops, therefore, of any of the above will contain one grain, or one minim, of each chemical.

If the chest and back be rubbed regularly with the hand dipped in cold or warm water, till it becomes dry, the lungs and chest generally will be much strengthened.



PRINTED for Evangeline Booth, Commissioner of the Salvation Army in Canada, Newfoundland, Bermuda, the North-Western States of America, and Alaska, by the Salvation Army Printing House, 18 Albert Street, Toronto.

All communications referring to the contents of THE WAR CRY, contributions for publication in its pages, or inquiries about it, should be addressed to THE EDITOR, A. Temple, Toronto.  
All communications on matters referring to subscriptions, deposits and changes of address, should be addressed to 2212 PRINCE GEORGE AVENUE, S. A. Temple, Toronto.  
All Cheques, P.O. and Express Orders should be made payable to EVANGELINE BOOTH.  
All manuscripts to be written in ink or by typewriter, and on ONE side of the paper only. Write name and address plainly.



#### Promotions to Glory—

ADJT. JAMES ADAMS, who came out from Calgary on Aug. 22nd, 1892, promoted to Glory from Toronto, Feb. 22nd, 1904.

Lieut. Thomas Agnew, who came out from Brampton on Nov. 18th, 1902, promoted to Glory from Quebec, Dec. 28th, 1903.

#### Promotions—

ENSIGN THORKILDSON, Indian Work, to be ADJUTANT.

Cadet Knorr, Skagway, to be Probationary-Lieutenant.

Cadet Annie Farrel, Nfld., to be Probationary-Lieutenant.

#### Appointments—

ENSIGN ARNOLD to be Accountant at Territorial Headquarters.

ENSIGN A. MORRIS to be Cashier at Territorial Headquarters.

ENSIGN RITCHIE, Greenspond, to be D. O., Greenspond Corps and District.

ENSIGN CAMPBELL to Amherst.

EVANGELINE C. BOOTH,

Commissioner



#### PRACTICAL SENTIMENTS.

Sentiments are right and proper; without the fountains of sympathy the crop of good actions would wither and die. But sentimentality is to be shunned, for it is fruitless sentiment—a plant that flowers but bears no fruit. Our frontispiece is not an idle invention, it is an every-day truth. One half of humanity, in affluent circumstances, sings about Christian duty, the other half does it. Let us be on the doing side, for the danger of falling into mere sentimentality is always with us. The taking up of the cross is inseparable from duty; life is rough and real, and many an action glorified in song, and eulogized in print, looks different at the moment of real doing, and is more often the target for jeers and jests than for applause. But the Master is with us and urges us to lift the fallen, to save the drunkard, to seek for the unloved, uncared for, and despised, and bring them to Him whose grace can perform wonders of transformation.

#### THE ASSOCIATION HALL MEETINGS.

The Commissioner has now conducted two Sunday night meetings in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, and the effect has been electric. With comparatively little, but excellent, advertising, crowded halls have been secured, and the second meeting has even excelled the first one. The results have been in every sense gratifying, not the least of which is the fact that the call upon the Commissioner's strength is at the minimum. The Massey Hall would be

## The Commissioner in Association Hall.

BUILDING AGAIN DENSELY PACKED ON THE SECOND SUNDAY OF THE CAMPAIGN—STANDING ROOM AT A PREMIUM—THE COMMISSIONER DELIVERS THRILLING ADDRESS ON THE GRAND MARCH PAST—TWENTY-FIVE SOULS SEEK THE SAVIOUR.

THE spacious hall of the Y. M. C. A. was again crowded to its utmost capacity on Sunday evening last, being the second occasion on which our beloved Commissioner has made a public appearance after her long and serious illness. It is generally understood that there is always present at any of the gatherings over which our Commissioner presides, great expectancy, on the part of the public as well as our own soldiery. This partly accounts for the beautiful and blessed results which follow.

Sunday evening, at the Association Hall, was no exception to the general rule, although it must be said at the commencement of the service, when the Chief Secretary lined out the first song in the absence of the Commissioner, who had not yet put in an appearance, there could be distinctly seen on the faces of many the stamp of disappointment, and the question, Is Miss Booth going to be present? But the shadow soon lifted as the Commissioner made her way to the platform while the magnificent brass band was helping the singing of the good old song, "What's the news?"—the song we have sung again and again upon many occasions when the Almighty has descended in convicting and converting power, both in the Old Land and on our own Canadian shores. It was being taken up with great heartiness and spirit when the Commissioner stepped to the front. She was more fragile and weak than we would have liked to have seen her. There could be no mistake that she had not quite regained her usual strength, and that she looked decidedly slender, but comparing her physical condition with what it was a few weeks ago there swelled within our hearts a note of praise for the goodness of God to see her sufficiently recovered in health to permit us to have her presence and receive inspiration and blessing through her forceful words. It was an intensely sympathetic and appreciative audience that greeted her.

The song is ended. Brigadier Southall in no uncertain or hazy fashion took us right up—up to the throne of grace. We forget the

over-taxing; other available halls seemed to have some objectionable features, but the Association Hall has proved eminently satisfactory. The construction is such that the hearers seem within easy reach of the speaker in any part of the building, and the manifest sympathy and keen attention of the audiences have made the Commissioner feel at perfect ease. We are exceedingly grateful for the returning health and activity of our gifted leader.

#### TEMPLE TRIUMPHS.

We were delighted to have Brigadier Southall, the new Trade Secretary, with us for the Sunday morning and afternoon meetings. The Brigadier was accompanied by Mrs. Southall, the Women's Social Secretary, who spoke in the afternoon at some length, with eloquence and power. The holiness meeting was powerful and exceptional. The Brigadier's addresses were much appreciated by the splen-

materialistic, for a time at least, and remembering only our needs, open our hearts, make his prayer ours, and are lifted and blessed. The sinner is held up to the mercy of Jehovah and the prayer concludes, the blessings having already descended by a present and an answering God.

Little "Snow-flake" and Pearl are introduced by Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire, and as usual these two adopted music-boxes of Miss Booth's are greeted heartily. Pearl sings sweetly, "Let Jesus come into your heart," a tune from the band, when the Red Knights of the Cross, who accompanied the Commissioner some little time ago on her western tour, when over 150 souls cried to God for pardon, sing sweetly, "Think, O Jesus," to the music composed by the Commissioner. It was a fitting moment for our leader to come to the front. She attempted to apologize for her weakness, but it could scarcely be heard amid the spontaneous, hearty hand-clapping. The Commissioner loves, we know, the people of Toronto, but not more than the people of the Queen City love her. "The Grand March Past," was the subject chosen. Choosing her text from the imagery abounding in the passages of Revelation, she reviewed the various conditions out of which the regiments of the redeemed hosts entering heaven in triumph on white horses have come, and what made them conquerors in the battles of life. Every emergency, every difficulty, every temptation was considered, but there was a way of triumph for all who sincerely sought the victory. Appealing to those who had not yet found cleansing in the fountain of Calvary, she reasoned with the doubtful, sympathized with the hard-pressed, and struck conviction to many a conscience. It is useless here to attempt to put into this brief report the Commissioner's words, or describe the manner in which they were received. We were unable to catch the bursts of eloquence for which our leader is noted. In cold type the hallowed influences cannot be carried. A report, however correct and complete, must necessarily be shorn of the real happenings of a blessed and profitable meeting. Therefore we conclude by saying once again our blessed Lord came to the aid of the Commissioner. He came and spoke once again to the sinning hearts, and again at the mercy seat saw we twenty-five souls redeemed—washed in the blood of the Lamb.

did crowds which had gathered in spite of the inclement weather.—W. C. Arnold.

#### BRIGADIER PICKERING'S TOUR.

(By Wire.)

Tour continues a success. Our party divided on Sunday, visiting both the American and Canadian Sault Ste. Marie. We had magnificent meetings, enormous crowds, and mighty out-pourings of the Holy Ghost. Eighteen souls sought pardon, mostly splendid cases. Finances have been excellent. The cinematograph lecture netted one hundred dollars. A big crowd is expected to-night for second lecture. Party unitedly forging ahead.—Brigadier Pickering.

A gentleman in Amsterdam, who did not wish his name to be known, called one of our messenger boys and handed him 180 guilder (\$75), saying, "Take it to the Cashier and tell him it is for the Training Home."



The relinquish Trade affairs the assuming Secretary by made the occa ing hour or printing employ Council Chamber Secretary. Spec tiring Trade Se and Colonel Ja were scattered which had been perienched when cerning the up Army is at pres

Ensign Arnold torial Cashier fo change, and be H. Q., while En several years h retary's Office, b icr.

Twenty-five P made into full

The subscrip property now r Turnr is hope end of the sum

A good propo vation Army p central locality a building on th the Army at pr

The alteration are nearly com larger part of v raised.

Staff-Capt. Chancellor, has six weeks. Th to say, is at pr

The Peterbo members.

The new bar by the Chief S and Mrs. Har March 12th, 1 is working har

Capt. Bristo ly filling the Provincial Ho into the gap p pointed to th ready the Lo labors (also assisting), an prement bo and in the ge

Winnipeg b fixed up in th

Lady Saral doing a short vince, visiting Belleville, an successful tin

There is at in the Urugu Unfortunatel our spiritual cers, should been advise Cross work tioned.

IM

All Provin F. O's, who Congress, a photo to th Victoria St.



t least, and remem-  
en our hearts, make  
lifted and blessed.  
e mercy of Jehovah  
he blessings having  
sent and an answer.

d Pearl are intro-  
ugmire, and as us-  
usic-boxes of Miss  
ily. Pearl sings  
into your heart,"  
n the Red Knights  
mined the Commis-  
o on her western  
ried to God for  
ink, O Jesus," to  
he Commissioner,  
for our leader to  
tempted to apol-  
t it could scarcely  
ous, hearty hand-  
er loves, we know,  
not more than the  
love her. "The  
ie subject chosen.  
magery abounding  
on, she reviewed  
f which the regi-  
s entering heaven  
have come, and  
in the battles of  
y difficulty, every  
but there was a  
sincerely sought  
ose who had not  
the fountain of  
with the doubt-  
e hard-pressed,  
ny a conscience.  
to put into this  
ner's words, or  
h they were re-  
catch the bursts  
leader is noted.  
fluences cannot  
ver correct and  
e shorn of the  
a and profitable  
clude by saying  
came to the aid  
and spoke once  
and again at the  
souls redeemed  
Lamb.

d in spite of the  
mold.

## 'S TOUR.

Our party di-  
the American  
rie. We had  
s crowds, and  
Holy Ghost.  
mostly splen-  
teen excellent.  
tted one hun-  
expected to-  
arty unitedly  
ering.

who did not  
ed one of our  
m 180 gilden  
Cashier and  
ome."



The relinquishing of the oversight of Trade affairs by Brigadier Horn, and the assuming of the duties of Trade Secretary by Brigadier Southall, was made the occasion of a very interesting hour or so with the trade and printing employees over a cup of tea in the Council Chamber, presided over by the Chief Secretary. Speeches were made by the retiring Trade Secretary, Brigadier Southall, and Colonel Jacobs, when congratulations were scattered profusely at the progress which had been made, and much pleasure experienced when particulars were given concerning the up-to-date printing plant the Army is at present in possession of.

Ensign Arnold, who has been the Territorial Cashier for a couple of years, has had a change, and becomes the Accountant at T. H. Q., while Ensign Arthur Morris, who for several years has been in the General Secretary's Office, becomes the Territorial Cashier.

Twenty-five Probationary-Lieutenants were made into full Lieutenants last week.

The subscriptions toward our Montreal property now reach over \$12,000. Brigadier Turner is hopeful of raising \$30,000 by the end of the summer.

A good property has been secured for Salvation Army purposes in Smith's Falls, in a central locality, for \$1,700. There is already a building on the lot suitable for the needs of the Army at present.

The alterations to our building in Quebec are nearly completed, having cost \$2,000, the larger part of which amount has already been raised.

Staff-Capt. Creighton, the East Ontario Chancellor, has been seriously ill for the past six weeks. The Staff-Captain, we are pleased to say, is at present much improved in health.

The Peterboro Band has now thirty-three members.

The new barracks at Samia will be opened by the Chief Secretary, assisted by Brigadier and Mrs. Hargrave and Major Rawling, on March 12th, 13th, and 14th. Ensign LeCoeq is working hard to make this a big success.

Capt. Bristow, after faithfully and efficiently filling the post of Cashier at the Western Provincial Headquarters, has nobly jumped into the gap at Nepawa. He has been appointed to the command of this corps. Already the Lord has abundantly blessed his labors (also those of Capt. Glover, who is assisting), and there is a very marked improvement both in the crowds and finances, and in the general tone of things around.

Winnipeg bandmen are getting a fine room fixed up in the Citadel for their use.

Lady Sarah Sladen and Mrs. Turner are doing a short tour in the East Ontario Province, visiting Kingston, Napanee, Deseronto, Belleville, and Trenton. They report real successful times at Kingston and Napanee.

## SOUTH AMERICA.

There is at present a revolution in progress in the Uruguayan Republic, South America. Unfortunately this is somewhat hampering our spiritual work in that country. Our officers, should their services be required, have been advised to offer themselves for Red Cross work in the towns where they are stationed.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

All Provincial and Staff Officers, other than F. O's, who expect to attend the International Congress, are requested to send their latest photo to the Editorial Offices, 101 Queen Victoria St., London, E.C., England.

## S. A. Will Contribute \$5,000 to Bible Society.

The 100th Anniversary of the formation of that noble undertaking, the British and Foreign Bible Society, took place in England on Sunday, March 6th.

One hundred years ago, on a gloomy December morning in 1802, a handful of anxious men gathered in an upper room overhanging the Thames, and formed a Society for the purpose of preserving, translating, and circulating the books of the Old and New Testament throughout the world.

In 1804 the Bible was current in about forty living languages, understood by two-thirds of mankind. In 1904 it can be read, more or less completely, in 430 languages and dialects, which include all the chief vernaculars, and be understood by seven-tenths of the human race.

About a month ago the Society in question approached the General with a view to the Salvation Army co-operation in the effort which they are making to raise the sum of £250,000 in order to clear themselves of debt and put them in a first-class financial condition. The date, Sunday, March 6th, however, happened to correspond with that which the Army had selected for Self-Denial Sunday; and while it was felt that many of our soldiers and friends would, naturally, desire to do something to aid the work of that excellent Society—for no organization in the history of the world has been more devoted to the truth of the Scriptures, and more really anxious to emphasize its claims, than has the Salvation Army—yet to make two appeals at the same time would be to court failure for both.

The General, therefore, decided to pay over from this year's Self-Denial Fund the sum of \$5,000 toward the amount which our good friends, the Bible Society, are endeavoring to raise.

## DISASTER ON STEAMER QUEEN.

After suffering harrowing experiences from fire and storm, the steamer Queen, from San Francisco for Victoria, put into Port Townsend to report the loss of fourteen lives.

About 3.45 Sunday morning, while off the mouth of the Columbia River, fire broke out in the after saloon. The cause of the blaze is not known. The fire gained headway rapidly, and soon threatened to envelope the whole ship. The heavy sea meant death to any person sent away in the life-boats. Flames became more and more threatening until, when it seemed but a choice of death either by fire or drowning, Capt. Cousins ordered the life-boats launched. They were manœuvred, and a number of women and children were lowered into them. Hardly had the boats been cast loose than two of them were capsize by huge waves. Those of the passengers and crew who remained on board continued their fight against the flames with increasing success until at 7.40 a.m. the blaze was brought under control. When it was seen that the danger from fire was past, Capt. Cousins recalled the life-boats, and their occupants were taken aboard.

## FRANCE.

Commissioner Cosandey has held encouraging meetings in Paris. At Rue Aubert there were nine souls, and as a result of four days' campaign at Montparnasse thirteen.

A few weeks ago a Republican Guard attended a meeting in Rue Aubert, Paris, left his sword on the seat, and went to the penitent form. He got soundly converted, and will probably be enrolled as a Salvation Soldier.

## WEST INDIES.

When Lieut.-Colonel Rauch conducted field day demonstrations at Savanna-la-Mar, Jamaica, some of the soldiers walked from twenty to thirty miles to be present.

## THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME.

\$62.00 MONTREAL TO LONDON AND RETURN,

INCLUDING ADMISSION TO THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

### Who May Go?

Officers, soldiers, and friends of the Salvation Army. Officers, who have obtained the consent of their Provincial Officers, and can raise, in the way approved of by the P.O., their fare and at least \$25 for expenses while in London, should secure their berths without delay. Soldiers and friends may avail themselves of this splendid offer on the conditions mentioned below.

### To Whom is Application for Berths to be Made?

Write to the Commissioner, Transportation Department, 18 Albert St., Toronto. Sign your name in full. Tickets cannot be secured through any other source.

### What are the Terms?

The cost of one berth, S. A. accommodation, is \$62.00, for a ticket good from Montreal to London, via Liverpool, and return, and admission to Crystal Palace; \$5 deposit to be made with application, \$35 more to be paid in by April 1st, and the balance of \$22 before embarkation.

### What are the Accommodations?

The Allan Line has reserved over one-third of the main deck on the S.S. Ionian for the Salvation Army contingent, fitted up in rooms with four, six, and eight berths, with clean bedding. It may be possible to give a separate room to each married couple, but this cannot be guaranteed as it depends entirely upon the number going.

### When Does the Steamer Sail?

The Str. Ionian sails from Montreal on Saturday, June 11th, in the morning. This steamer belongs to the first-grade vessels, and is the latest addition to the Allan Line fleet. It has twin screws; tonnage 9,000, and has averaged on her five passages between Halifax and Mobile seven days and six hours per journey.

### What About the Return Journey?

The S. A. ticket entitles the holder to return second class on the Parisian, or any other steamer of her grade belonging to the Allan Line, and sailing from Liverpool or Glasgow. If the ticket holder wishes to return second class on a twin screw steamer, as the Ionian, Tunisian, or Bavarian, an additional \$2.50 will have to be paid when booking return at the Allan Line Office, London. The return ticket is good if used within twelve months from date of issue. If returning via Glasgow a refund of \$2.38 will be made by the company on each ticket.

### When Will the International Gatherings be Concluded?

The public meetings will conclude with the Crystal Palace Demonstration on July 5th. Field Officers' Councils will conclude on July 8th. This makes it possible for Field Officers and soldiers to return on the Str. Parisian, which sails from Liverpool on July 14th. The sailings of Allan Line vessels are:

Str. Bavarian sails July 7th.  
Str. Parisian sails July 14th.  
Str. Tunisian sails July 21st.  
And every seven days.

N.B.—Tickets can ONLY be secured through the S. A. Transportation Department.

# FROM THE FIGHTING LINE.

## Eastern Province News.

### FREDERICTON REVIVALS.

There is quite a revival on here. Souls are getting saved every week. Ten at the mercy seat on Sunday. The crowds are almost double what they were at the beginning of the year. Our Junior demonstrations at Gibson, Marysville, Nashwaakia, and City, were very successful. Total income thirty-three dollars.—Jas. Howering, Ensign.

### THE REVIVALISTS.

The visit of the Eastern Revivalists to Moncton, being owned and blessed of God, was one of great success. In spite of the cold weather the attendances were very good. Night after night as the crowds gathered at the barracks, the truths of God were brought before them in such a way that at the close of the services twenty-six precious souls were brought from darkness into the light of God. Not only were the meetings beneficial to the sinners, but many of God's people were strengthened as a result, and fifteen re-consecrated themselves to God's service, while six sought the blessing of a clean heart. The finances were excellent, being \$41 above the average.

The good work under Ensign and Mrs. Carter, who have been laboring here for some months, is going ahead with rapid strides.—H. C. R.

### CONGRESS STRING BAND.

Leaving North Sydney we proceed to Louisburg for two nights. We had an excellent crowd and good collections. Everything was up to our expectations. The duets, trios, and selections were much enjoyed, and also the tomato-can solo by Capt. Riley. Both Colonel and Mrs. Sharp spoke very beautifully and with the force of the Spirit. The first night's meeting was good, but the second night was even better than the first. The people of Louisburg were very much pleased with the program, and have spoken in the highest terms of the band.

Glouce Bay was our battleground for the week-end. Saturday night's meeting was a musical festival, and much interest has been previously aroused so that many before the meeting time the Citadel was crowded to the doors with enthusiastic people. The full choruses by the band were well liked, also the address by Mrs. Colman. Everybody enjoys her addresses, so full of counsel, warning, and spirit. We believe that much good was done, and much interest was awakened for the Sunday's meetings. Beginning Sunday with the knee-drill, we had a glorious time. The small hall of the Citadel was crowded for holiness meeting, and God's Spirit still lingered with us. Lieut.-Colonel Sharp read the verse, "Follow peace with all men." Very effective was his preaching, and at the close we had fourteen souls kneeling at the altar of God to give up their all, to do the whole will of God. The afternoon march was a crowning time. There were no less than eighty-eight converts on it. When Ensign McElheney, the hard-working and popular officer in charge, came here a few weeks ago only eighteen came to the open-air, and no one can blame him for being jubilant over the increase of converts. The inside meeting was an enrolment of about thirty-five recruits, and a soul-inspiring sight it was, too. After the Colonel had called our comrades forward and enrolled them into the newest soldiers, Mrs. Sharp took hold of the flag somewhere, which was quite a feat for such a number, who grasped it in every way, only to touch it, and sang together, "Under the good old Army flag," the flag which has led us on to victory. After God's blessing was asked, Lieut. Smythe sang, "I'm glad I'm a salvation soldier," which was the sentiment of all hearts, from the Colonel down to the newest soldiers. Mrs. Sharp delivered a grand address, and much of the power of God was displayed, although no soul gave in to the strivings of the Spirit. The night meeting was of much interest. With a crowd of newly-enrolled comrades, the famous Glouce Bay band, and the old soldiers and troupe, a fine open-air was held, and also an old-time salvation meeting. As was the case all day, the Citadel was crowded, even the aisles and all available standing room were occupied, and the door was left open, and a crowd had to stand in the outer hall, where they were anxious to catch a little of the blessed time inside. The string and brass bands played and the words spoken and the songs sung were all directed by God. Colonel Sharp read from the Word of God, the truths of which were seasoned with wisdom and driven by the power of the Holy Ghost, and after a well-fought prayer meeting we closed with four penitents kneeling at Jesus' feet, where they are sure to find forgiveness.—S. E. Crossman.

### Deep Conviction.

Chalze, Me.—Since last report God has been with us and souls have been saved. Sunday was a day of blessing. In the holiness meeting two backsliders sought the Saviour, and at the afternoon and evening services there was deep conviction.—Lieut. H. Walters.

### Thirty Started for Heaven.

Carlton, N.B.—Since coming here God has rejoiced our hearts by working in a mighty manner upon the hearts of the unconverted, and also drawing us nearer to Himself. Over thirty have started for heaven, and over half of the number have taken their stand for God and the Army, and give promise of being blood-and-fire warriors. Some of them are remarkable cases of conversion, having been deep-dyed sinners, and some are soldiers of the early days. A

beautiful spirit of unity exists between soldiers and converts. Our meetings are well attended, great interest is manifested by the friends, and many new faces are seen from week to week in the audience. We give God all the glory and rejoice to be used as instruments in His hands of restoring the perishing.—Macdonald and the Saved Brewer.

### Souls Saved—Much Conviction.

Chatham, N.B.—We are having splendid meetings, led on by Ensign and Mrs. Parsons, assisted by Lieut. Barnard, who has recently come into our midst, and six souls have lately started on the straight and narrow way. Conviction is seen in all parts of the hall. The fire of the Holy Ghost is burning, and we are believing for greater victories in the near future.—Obediah Never-Quit.

### Eighth Anniversary.

Eastport.—Since last report God has wonderfully blessed us, and three have knelt at the cross for pardon. On Thursday, Feb. 18th, we celebrated the eighth anniversary of the opening of this corps by having a puppet and sing-song meeting, which was a success in every way. We are going to trust in God for greater victories in the future.—Henry Dorman.

### United to Win.

Stellarton.—Capt. M. N. Melkie and Lieut. McManis have taken charge of God's blessing us and giving us victory. On Sunday night one soul sought salvation and others were convicted, but would not yield. Our soldiers, though few in number, are real blood-and-fire warriors, and know how to hold on to God in prayer. We are going forward unitedly to win greater victories.—G. E. M.

### Bermuda Breezes.

St. George's.—Since last report we have had the joy of seeing many souls at the mercy seat. Although at times the fight seems tough, we still press on to victory. On Thursday night we had a service of song entitled, "Home, sweet home," which was a great blessing to us. On Monday night our meetings were led by two officers especially appointed for the occasion, namely, Capt. (S.M.) Kelly and Lieut. (C.C.) F. Kelly. There was a large attendance. Although the devil was at work and none would yield, we believe that prayer and faith will win the victory. Crowds generally good; finances O.K.—P. K. Cor.

### A Week of Blessing.

Triuro.—During the past week God has been blessing our work in this place, and we have had the joy of seeing many souls at the mercy seat. The number being one who at one time was a blood-and-fire Salvationist and a good help to the corps. On Sunday night we had with us the officer from Londonderry, also a number of soldiers. The meeting was very interesting, and enjoyed by all present.—Blanche Robertson.

## Pacific Coast News.

### FOUR DAYS' CAMPAIGN AT VANCOUVER.

We have just closed a successful series of meetings lasting four days. Brigadier McMillan was announced as the master of ceremonies. This campaign was preceded by a meeting on Friday evening, at which a lot of corps business was dealt with.

Saturday night the band was on hand in good time, and added zest to the evening. A large crowd of people gathered inside and gathered a splendid crowd. The Brigadier was at his best, and had kept attention given to his address. A good case of spiritual restoration was the result of this meeting. The only soul who was the advertised subject for eleven o'clock Sunday morning, Isaiah xxxv, was read and explained by the Brigadier, who upon drawing in the net found five who were willing to step into the way of holiness. We had a grand meeting in the afternoon, which had to be curtailed somewhat owing to a Purty Mass Meeting being held in the City Hall, at which meeting the Brigadier had been invited to speak. We marched up to the crowded hall, and felt truly proud to see so many citizens of Vancouver gathered together to take their stand for purity and morality. The Brigadier was the third speaker, and spoke to the point, his hearers bespeaking their endorsement, to what he said by constant applause. The City By-Law was read to them referring to the subject in question, which was a great surprise to many. The S. A. band led the singing at this meeting. We adjourned at 6 p.m., and started from the quarters at 6.45 for the open-air. After the opening song, Lieut. Adj. Hay led in prayer. Ensign Havel and Sister Lewis sang very sweetly together, then the Brigadier took hold, with Bible in hand. God did help him wonderfully. And the large crowd listened until the last word was said. Then came the invitation to the unsaved when three precious souls very wisely accepted salvation. Hallelujah!

Monday was a night of music, when an impromptu program was given, and was much enjoyed. The bandmen, twelve in number, were also commissioned by the Brigadier. Bandmaster Crawshaw was called upon for a few words, then the Brigadier followed with some kind remarks on the band's development, and farewelled with some good, solid advice for our future salvation warfare. God bless him.

The Staff-Captain asked for an expression of appreciation from the soldiers and friends of the Brigadier's service to the corps and to the city. This was taken up by a hearty hand-clapping of the entire house. The C. O. read a report of the "three days' meetings," which was as follows: Nine seekers for salvation and sanctification; over 200 attended the six marches between six and seven hundred persons attended the holiness services, and the finances

were excellent. We concluded this splendid campaign by singing, "God be with you till we meet again."—A. Goodwin.

### PROVINCIAL REVIVALISTS.

We have just closed three weeks' revival in Route, Mont. God came and blessed our efforts with seventeen souls, many of whom will become good soldiers. Our crowds and finances were good. The last night we had a social, which brought in \$30. Adj. and Mrs. Dowell are in charge and are doing well. This is an interesting place for the Army, as it is the largest copperfield in the world. Aunt Eliza ministered to our needs, and made things very pleasant for us. We shall not forget the kindness shown us here.

We are now at Great Falls, which is in charge of Capt. Moore and Lieut. Graves. Our faith runs high for souls.—Adj. Nelson.

### Up to Date.

Missoula.—We are glad to report that Ensign Scott is able to be at his post again, and is leading the forces on to victory. Our efforts are being blessed in the salvation of precious souls. On Tuesday one old man who has been attending our meetings for some time, and has been under conviction, went to the quarters and got blessed by God. Night after night he gives his testimony to the power of God to save and keep. On Thursday night we held a ghost meeting. The hall was well filled, but no earthly ghost made its appearance. Many testified to the indwelling of the Holy Ghost. Adj. Lewis was sick and unable to be at the meeting, she gave her experience with ghosts at the next night, which was interesting to all present. At Sunday morning's holiness meeting God's power was manifested in our midst, and one dear brother deserted the ranks of sin. Our crowds are increasing and conviction is being stamped on the faces of many. We are believing for an outpouring of God's Spirit in our midst. Our War Cry hustler, Lieut. Lewis, has all the War Cry sold up to date.—J. H. F. R.C.

### A Niagara of Music.

Revelstoke, B.C.—We are still going forward. Our week-night meetings have been very good. Last Friday night had been advertised as a "Special" led by Ensign Shanley but owing to unforeseen circumstances the Ensign was unable to reach here, therefore Capt. Baynton quickly arranged for "A Niagara of Music." A very good program was rendered, and was much enjoyed by those present. We had in our congregation some Methodists and other Christians, who testified to being greatly blessed, and some of them have asked for the meeting to be repeated, which our officer has promised to do later on. On Sunday we had a splendid day. God was with us in wonderful power. The night meeting was a time of deep conviction, but we are sorry to say notes yielded. We believe the time is not far distant when we shall see those who have yielded the warfare of their all to God. Our motto is, and ever shall be, "Revelstoke for King Jesus!"—C. W. McGee, War Correspondent.

### A Musical Treat.

Spokane 1.—On Thursday night the band was to the front, and we had quite a musical treat from them. There was also a coffee and cake social to help defray the expense the band has incurred of late in purchasing new music, etc. Bandmaster Swanson (from Sweden) is proving a capable instructor, and is deeply interested in the welfare of the band. He has the hearty co-operation of all those under his charge, and we pray that God will bless the band a mighty blessing to our city. Some time ago our poor band was visited by the plague of (Praise God it did not rust out, but wore out.) When our open-air crowd heard of the disaster they showed their respect for the drum by giving us enough money to get it in first class shape again. During the week three precious souls sought Christ for pardon. The new converts were hustlers.—Old Joe.

### Six Found Peace and Pardon.

Victoria, B.C.—On Monday evening, Feb. 8th, we had a musical bazaar. The band was very much in evidence, taking a prominent part during the whole of the program. Brigadier McMillan was with us, and conducted the meeting in his usual happy way. In the special meetings which we have just concluded, six souls have found peace and pardon at the foot of the cross. Last Sunday afternoon we had the joy of seeing another weary wanderer come to the Saviour.—W. H. Shillinglaw.

## West Ontario News.

### Specials from London.

Aylmer.—The work in this part of the vineyard is going on nicely, in spite of the stormy weather. Last week-end we had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Smith, of London, and we enjoyed their stay. On Thursday, the 18th, Brigadier Hargrave and Major Rowling paid us a visit in the interests of the property, and they conducted the meeting that night. Several have been to the sin-cleansing fountain.—Arthur Kappelman.

### Sterms Prevailing.

Palmerston.—We are determined to conquer sin and the devil in this part of the battlefield. Though the crowds are small, on account of the storms, yet we believe God is not going to leave us. On Sunday night we had an audience of eight, but praise God we had the joy of helping one dear sinner into the fold, who has taken his stand for God and right. We are believing for victory in Palmerston.—Mrs. Scott (Cowan).

## East On PRO

Since the New has conducted D. ville, Peterboro, the officers and a council have and were much The Chancellor having a severe has been laid as though at the th he is still contin difficulty has be in the head, nee We are full of resume his duti behalf of the Ch

Peterboro ban ers. Thirteen n from Internatio good satisfaction has already been are in good spir come efficient in interest for soul

A new proper The site is right meen a new tes here, who for t on amid excepti can be secured C. Coy. of the in collecti recently been a dlers were add P. O.

The Montreal up. The total is over \$12,000. This sum will proportions dur Lady Sarah S. turner, is visiti since, prior to

The James Sil vie in spite of they will not with travelling their train wa hours. Passen out to the water

settling water out and for sev The Jones Sil district, after Pelahoué Dist The Harmoni Their work du siderably handi Ensign Overb but has now I

Capt. Hoole and leads the

## LADY

Although pe old Lunatione no means bea full campaign mule Revivali version took bespitted.

Last Satur favored with Ensign, and acc The meetings Bible reading hearts, and al and souls se Monday night speak on the s and although large crowd by (citing the girl, and step fence up to i was God's w chosen to do s finances were found at Jes

Belleville.—souls saved. the week-en attended the were times o night. We a

Cowwall.—us for a week meetings. O on a Sund a backslider Jones Sister here, who chisement o Kirkwood.

Montreal Kendall's off One soldier thines to ou with four se The spect and we ha night meeti turning out We are gl moving a in our mid

Ottawa.—meeting, we



## East Ontario and Quebec.

### PROVINCIAL NOTES.

Since the New Year has been ushered in the P. O. has conducted District Councils at Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, and Montreal, meeting nearly all the officers and a great number of the Locals. These councils have been made a source of rich blessing, and were much enjoyed by all present.

The Chancellor, Staff-Capt. Creighton, has been having a severe siege of sickness. For six weeks he has been laid aside from the front of the fight, although at the time of writing he is much improved, he is still confined to his bed in the hospital. His difficulty has been an abscess in the mastoid bone in the head, necessitating a very critical operation. We are full of hope that he will soon be able to resume his duties again. Prayers are requested on behalf of the Chancellor.

Peterboro band now consists of thirty-three players. Thirteen new instruments have been purchased from International Headquarters, and are giving great satisfaction. The account of the presentation has already been reported in the Cry. Our comrades are in good spirits and are not only planning to become efficient players, but more zealous in their interest for souls.

A new property has been purchased in Cornwall. The site is right in the heart of the city, and will mean a new lease of hope and life to our comrades here, who for the past years have been struggling on amid exceptional difficulties. If sufficient money can be secured operations will commence this spring. Capt. Coy. of Smith's Falls, is making good progress in collecting money for the property that has recently been acquired in this town. Six more soldiers were added to the corps on a recent visit of the P. O.

The Montreal Property Fund is gradually creeping up. The total amount of money subscribed to date is over \$12,000. Staff-Mr. Moore is hopeful that this sum will have reached much more substantial proportions during the next few months.

Lady Sarah Sladen, accompanied by Mrs. Brigadier Turner, is visiting a few of the corps in this Province, prior to her return to England. Lady Sarah is much pleased with what she has seen of the Army in this country.

The Jones Sisters have been doing very good service in suite of the severe weather. An experience they will not soon forget was theirs in connection with travelling from Montreal to Burlington, when their train was stalled in a snow-bank for twelve hours. Passengers were called upon to shovel snow into the water tank, as this was the only means of providing water for the engine. Finally the fire went out and for seven hours they had no heat in the car.

The Jones Sisters are now in the St. Lawrence River District, after which they visit the Belleville and Peterboro Districts, before returning to their home.

The Harmonic Revivalists are now at Nanawau, their work during the past few weeks has been conspicuously handicapped owing to the severe weather. Ensign Owen has been somewhat under the weather, but has now improved.

Capt. Hoole is still in the hospital here in Montreal and reads the prayers of her comrades.

### LADY SLADEN AT KINGSTON.

Although perhaps you have not heard from the old Timesboro City for some time, yet we have by no means been asleep. We have enjoyed a successful campaign of three weeks, conducted by the Harmonic Revivalists, in which some good cases of conversion took place, and our soldiers were greatly benefited.

Last Saturday, Sunday, and Monday we were favored with a visit from Lady Sarah Sladen, of England, accompanied by Mrs. Brigadier Turner. The meetings were times of blessing. Lady Sladen's Bible readings found their way into many people's hearts, and at the end of Sunday night three precious souls sought salvation.

Monday night Lady Sladen had been announced to speak on the subject, "Why I Became a Salvationist," and although the weather was rather disagreeable, a large crowd gathered at the barracks. She began by telling the story of her conversion, when but a girl, and step by step she gave her spiritual experiences up to the present time, making us all feel it was God's will she should be a Salvationist and her choice to do His will. Everybody was well satisfied. Blessings were good, and at the close three souls were found at Jesus' feet.—Cub.

### Lantern Service.

Belleville.—Since last season we have seen many souls saved. We had Ensign Edwards with us for the week-end. On Saturday night a good crowd attended the lantern service. Sunday's meetings were times of blessing to all. The hall was filled at night. We are believing for souls.—Mitchie.

### Provincial Officer's Visit.

Cornwall.—We have had our worthy Brigadier with us for a week-end, and God did wonderfully bless the meetings. One soul sought salvation Monday night, and on Sunday night one dear brother, who had been a backslider for a long time, returned to God. The Jones Sisters have just completed a six days' tour here, which was enjoyed by all who heard them. An equipment of recruits has also taken place.—S. M. Kirkwood.

### Increased Interest.

Montreal I.—God has been blessing Adj. and Mrs. Kendall's efforts in a revival among His followers. Our soldiers' and holiness meetings are inspiring them to our souls. The week-end meetings closed with four seeking pardon. To God be all the praise. The special holiness meetings are times of interest, and we have increased attendances. Our Saturday night meetings are on the up-grade. Soldiers are turning out in good numbers to give God the glory. We are glad that Staff-Capt. Creighton is improving, and we are waiting to welcome him back in our midst.—Pat and Mike.

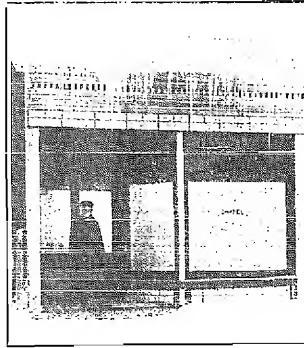
### Southern Surrendered.

Ottawa.—On Sunday, Jan. 31st, at the holiness meeting, we had the joy of seeing a backslider meet

return to the fold, also at the evening service four souls surrendered, and found pardon. The following Sunday night these recruits were enrolled, the ceremony being conducted by Ensign Smith. Sergt.-Major Webster and the Smiths spoke, urging them to be faithful to their vows, after which Bandman Oliver solemnly accepted. Ensign Thompson then took up the subject, "What and Where is Hell?" which he had previously announced, and brought to light some deep thoughts and definite facts from the Scriptures, dealing forcibly on the subject. There was a large gathering of people present. The Thursday night following two souls yielded to the strings of the Spirit. On Sunday Lieut. Allen forewielded from Ottawa to return home for a short time, owing to some circumstances. We are sorry to lose him, but pray that she shall soon return to the battle's front again, where she is so much needed.—Sec. A. Froese.

### A Veteran of the Civil War.

St. Johnsbury.—Sergt.-Major Proctor gave us the good news that they had nine out to knee-drill on Sunday morning at the outpost, and that he had secured the First Baptist Church for a meeting on Wednesday night. God has indeed blessed our corps and outpost, and during the past three weeks five souls have sought salvation. Among the number was a man of over thirty years of age, who served in the civil war. He is going to spend the rest of his life fighting sin. Another man, who has been under conviction for some time, has also taken up his cross, and is now marching in our ranks. On Saturday night four held up their hands for prayer, and others have requested the prayers of the comrades. Our all-wise Bandmaster, Bro. Roddick, is



Smith's Falls Barracks, with Capt. Coy in Doorway.

expecting to increase the number of bandmen. Although this has been a hard winter, and the Captain has had to stand alone, yet God has helped us, and there is every indication of a good work being accomplished through the Army in St. Johnsbury.—S. S. Correspondent.

## Central Ontario.

### A Wanderer's Return.

Kinnear.—Since last report we have had some very stormy, cold weather, which has caused a delay in our corps, but God is with us, and we praise Him for bringing our wanderer back to the fold last Sunday night in our meeting at Norland. We pray that many more shall soon return to God.—G. and J. Jordan, C.O.s.

### Five for Salvation.

Meaford.—Within the last two weeks we have had the joy of seeing five souls come to God for salvation. Others are under conviction.—V. S. for L. J.

### Moving Pictures.

Newmarket.—On Tuesday evening, the 16th, Brigadier Pickering gave an address on the work of the Salvation Army in different parts of the world, also on the life of the late Mrs. Booth-Tucker. The Brigadier is a forceful and interesting speaker, and his address contained much information. Accompanying the same were views of buildings owned by the Army and moving pictures of the funeral procession of Mrs. Booth-Tucker, which were very interesting. The Town Hall was not quite full on account of the evening being very cold, but all present were greatly pleased. The singing of Capt. Russell captivated the crowd. We have recently seen two wanderers returned to the fold, having come back after ten years of backsliding. Capt. Bone is getting the soldiers to work, and we are having a story. Sec. Trivet read the Bible lesson on Sunday afternoon. We have welcomed Brother Simmerman back to our corps.—Cold Chills.

### An Interesting Drive.

Orangeville.—In spite of storms and intense cold the fire of Jesus' love burns brightly in our hearts. A short time ago a sick comrade, living a few miles out, sent for us to visit her. An old soldier volunteered to take us in his sleigh, and in spite of "pitch holes" etc., the drive was very enjoyable, but coming home at night in the dark we almost had a collision with another sleigh, and one of the officers was heard to offer this prayer: "O Lord, take me home again this once, and I'll never come this way again." Oh, that this might be the cry of the backsliders! During the past week four precious souls have sought the Saviour. Hallelujah!—Hieroglyphics.

Cereals should be emptied in their proper receptacles of tin or glass, and closely covered to prevent insects getting in. Coffee should go immediately into an airtight canister in order to keep its aroma. Olive oil should be put into a cool, dark place, and salt, soap, and cheese into dry places.

## Newfoundland News.

### Six Backsliders Return.

Exploits, Nfld.—The past fortnight has been a time of power and blessing. God is showing Himself strong on our behalf, and we have had the joy of seeing six backsliders return to the fold. The soldiers are in earnest about perishing souls and our faith is high for the Siege effort. Our meetings are times of blessing.—Lieut. Pilley.

### Climbing Higher.

Selly Cove.—This week has been one of power and blessing. On Thursday night conviction was stamped on many faces, and at the close of the meeting two brothers sought and found pardon. Our private meetings are also times of blessing. God is revealing Himself to us and we are "climbing higher up the mountain."—L. Hillier, Lieut.

### Gloriously Saved.

Trill Cove.—Sunday night was a time long to be remembered. The soldiers and officers were all on fire for God and souls. After singing and prayer, a poor backslider rose from his seat and came to the cross, where he was gloriously saved.—Herbert Dicks.

### Ten Brought to Christ.

Trout River.—On arriving here, after a long and tiresome journey, we found things looking dark, but God has wonderfully helped us during the past few weeks, and has answered our prayers. We can rejoice over ten precious souls being brought to Christ, some of whom have taken their stand under the flag.—M. Noel, Capt.

## The North-West.

### The Prayer was Answered.

Medicine Hat.—Last Wednesday night was the best soldiers' meeting the writer has ever attended. The Lord came twenty times and blessed us, and our prayer was being offered for a comrade the spirit of the Lord visited him in his home, and the prayer was answered. Our comrade, Bro. Simister, is in the hospital, but we are glad to say he is progressing nicely. We also miss another comrade, Bro. Sievan, who has gone west for a month or two. Sunday night last we had a glorious time, and one brother testified that he had been made right by the blood.—Mayflower.

## Our Indian Missions.

### The First Indian Wedding.

Douglas, Alaska.—Two weddings and four soldiers enrolled is not so bad for one night, but in the native work we often do business on wholesale lines. This was the first Army wedding conducted here amongst the natives, and of course the whole tribe turned out to see the performance. The schoolhouse was nicely decorated and everything went with a swing, in true Indian Army style. Rev. Mr. Peterson, of the Methodist Church took a prominent part in the meeting, and enjoyed it very much. He is a real friend to the S. A., having seen its working outside, and is always glad to come and give his testimony. The ceremony was conducted by our worthy D. O. Adj. R. Smith, who is by this time a regular professional hand at marriages and enrolments. On Sunday night we opened up our meeting house. Hitherto we have held meetings in the "Friends" schoolhouse, but now we have a "home, sweet home" of our own. Some of the natives from Juneau came over (about twenty of them) and we had a splendid time, with one soul in the fountain and about six dollars collection. Monday night God's presence came very near, and five more came to the mercy seat. Douglas corps motto "Onward," and by the help of God we are going to do our best. Already some very hard cases have been soundly converted, and have by their daily lives proved the reality of salvation. The Army spirit is working all over this native field, and the cry is daily reaching us, "Send us some leaders." The harvest truly is great, but the laborers are few. May the missionary spirit awaken those who are at ease in Zion, and want to work amongst the heathen. A nobler field cannot be found. Perhaps God is calling you now; if so, obey.—E. Jubin, Lieut.

### Veterans for the Open-Air.

Port Simpson, B.C.—We are still fighting, the flag is still flying at the masthead. Despite the continuous rain-storms and mighty rushing winds, we raise our battle-cry as we march the streets and stand seven times a week in the open-air. Our soldiers are veterans for the open-air stand. The people gather round to hear the story of the cross. We have good attendance and attention, yet it is hard to get any person to surrender. One great drawback to our work is that the people move so much. At present most of them are away. Fishing, hunting, and logging are the employments. They speak up their longings and men, women, and children all move to the woods, which leaves it very lonely in the villages on certain occasions. Yet the grace of God is sufficient for them while living with the wild heathen. We are praying, working, and believing to see many brought to Christ who are now in sin's dark way. Our faith looks up to God: He is able.—J. Gosling.

### WANTED.

A Second-Hand E Flat Bass.—State price and all particulars. Apply to Brigadier W. Hall, C.O. Salvation Army, Barrs Vt., U.S.A.

### WANTED.

A full set of the "Field Officer," for the years 1897, 1898, and 1899, either bound or unbound. A Staff Officer is anxious to get these three volumes in order to complete the full set from the beginning. Address replies, stating price, to "Officer," c/o Editorial Department, 13 Albert St., Toronto, Ont.

## ADJUTANT JAMES ADAMS GONE TO HEAVEN.

The Chief Secretary Conducts Impressive Ceremony in Temple Auditorium, Where an Exceedingly Large Crowd Gathered.

The sufferings of Adj. J. Adams are over. He passed to his eternal reward at 7 a.m., Monday, Feb. 22nd, without a struggle, in the presence of his dear wife, Staff-Capt. Miller, intimate relatives and friends. His death at the time was quite unexpected, as at his request he had been lifted out of bed and placed in a chair a short time before to ease his position, and expired a moment or two after he had been comfortably placed in bed again. But his end was peace. He had fought as a good soldier of the cross faithfully and well, and as hard as his limited strength the past few years permitted. Now he reigns with Him on high, and receives the "Well done" of his Lord.

It was a sorrowing and heart-broken group that mingled their tears with those of the bereaved at the home at Lippincott Street on Wednesday, for a short service, conducted by Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire, previous to removing



the remains to the Temple for the funeral service proper.

At half-past two the large Temple, not including the gallery, was crowded with a sympathetic audience. The Staff Band occupied the platform and in slow time began to play the "Dead March in Saul," while the procession of mourners, headed by the Chief Secretary, made its way to the platform.

Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire sang the "Homeland," and tributes to the holy and useful life of our departed comrade were paid by Staff-Capt. Miller and Mrs. Adj. Attwell, while the Chief Secretary comforted our hearts by explaining and reading the Scriptures. The service was exceedingly impressive. At its conclusion a long procession of Salvationists formed on Albert Street, and to the strains of the music marched toward Mount Pleasant Cemetery, where the remains of our dear comrade were laid to rest by Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire, in the Army plot.

Adj. Adams was an officer of nearly twelve years' standing, and had filled many positions of usefulness. Early in his career he was brought to Territorial Headquarters and placed in the Financial Office, having abilities which qualified him to look after accounts. He had after important duties in connection with the Trade Department, when, in October, 1896, he was sent to the Eastern Province, where he took charge of the books and acted in the capacity of Cashier. He was recalled to the Territorial Headquarters in 1898, and with exceptional ability discharged duties in the Trade and Financial Departments up till a little over two years ago, when his health was so exceedingly poor as not to

permit him to shoulder heavy responsibilities; nevertheless, he would persist, as far as his strength would allow, coming down to the office when he felt able, and always with a cheerful face, until the dreaded disease, consumption, from which he suffered, forced him to remain at home constantly, and in his bed the greater part of the time. For some time it has been felt that if God did not see fit to heal his body Adj. Adams would not be long with us. Now we learn of his promotion. The memory of his patient life and soldier spirit will linger with us, and serve as an incentive to follow in like manner the footsteps of the Master.

The tender heart of Christ will know best how to give support to dear Mrs. Adams, the little girl, and the bereaved, and our comrades the battlefield over will not forget to pray for them all.

### The Commissioner's Message.

My Dear Comrades,—

The occasion is too sad and too solemn for many words, but I cannot let the hour go by without sending a personal tribute to the memory of one who was your true comrade and my faithful officer.

Something of the consecrated life and victorious death of Adj. Adams is known to you all, but it is my privilege to be able to testify as his leader to that loyalty of heart and devotion of service, upon which I could always reckon for any claim of God's cause. His work as an officer was leavened by the single-eyed spirit in which it was rendered, and when bodily weakness forced him from the front, it was not for the pain he grieved, but for the inability to keep pace with the demands of active service.

The past three years God called our comrade to pass through a crucible of suffering. His patience amid weakness, his cheerfulness amid pain, his faith amid depression, has been an inspiration to us all. Sometimes it is within the mysteries of God's love, that those dearest to him, should have the largest share of the darkness and the spear. It may be that for such precious hearts, the immortal reward will be the richer and the glory more radiant.

Our comrade has gone to where the crowns are worn—that shining land which grows unspeakably nearer and dearer as our loved ones reach its shores of peace. We are left upon the field. Life is still ours to live for Jesus, and for the lost for whom He gave His own.

Amid the shadows of this bereavement we must hasten our steps, we must renew our vows, we must throw in more and more our best to win the world for heaven.

I bespeak for dear Mrs. Adams the deepest sympathy of all her comrades. I know she has such, and that together you will uphold her hands, and bear up her heart, till in the light of a fadeless morning, the sorrow is lost in joy, and the parting forgotten in an everlasting meeting.

Your affectionate Leader,

EVANGELINE BOOTH,  
Commissioner.

### PROMOTED TO GLORY.

SHE HAD NO FEAR.

Death has visited the ranks of the Salvation Army in Prescott, and claimed for its victim our faithful comrade, Annie Service.



She was converted seventeen years ago, and was led to become enrolled two years after her conversion. Since that time she has been a true and faithful follower of the Lord. She was one whom her officers could depend upon, and was always ready to lend a helping hand. Her life was an inspiration to all. The last three or four months of her life she had not the privilege of attending the meetings, on account of sickness in her home, but was always faithful. Her illness was brief. About three weeks after she was taken to her bed she was called home. She had no fear of death. A few hours before she passed away the writer, while visiting her, asked her if she had any fear. "Oh, no, Captain, none," was the answer. She closed her eyes for a few minutes, then opened them and repeated the verse, "My Jesus, I love Thee," etc., and continued—

"I have loved Him in life, I will love Him in death, And praise Him as long as He lendeth me breath, And say, when the death-dew lies cold on my brow, 'If ever I loved Thee, dear Jesus, 'tis now.'"

A short service was conducted at the home of Sister Mrs. Littlejohn by Capt. Gates and Lieut. Foley.—Capt. Gates.

### GONE TO HER REWARD.

Mt. Vernon.—The angel of death has for the first time visited the Mt. Vernon corps, and called to her home in heaven our dear sister, Mrs. Holman, nee Lieut. Lizzie Buck, who has resided in Blair Whitcomb County, for the past two years. Many of her comrades here remember her sweet singing and bright spiritual testimony. She was beloved by all who knew her. We pray that God will minister comfort to the bereaved ones.—E. C. R.

### G. B. M. NOTES.

#### WEST ONTARIO PROVINCE.

By ENSIGN J. T. POOLE.

Adj. Walker, of Windsor, never fails in securing a full hall for a special meeting. Our tickets had been well distributed, and many testified to the blessing received. At the close a young man came voluntarily out and gave himself to God. A number of merchants' boxes are being placed, and Bro. Virtue, the Local Agent, has set his mind and heart on creating fresh interest.

One of the most characteristic features of Essex is the old-time, blood-and-fire Salvation Army spirit that our comrades manifest. One week-end was a real treat for all. There was deep conviction in every meeting. The holiness meeting was well attended, and at the close all manifested a desire to be used of God as never before. Some changes were made relative to the G. B. M. work. More boxes are being put out and some merchants' boxes transferred. Mrs. Thomas, our Local Agent at Chatham, has been doing a good work. Mayor McKough is one of our best box-holders. This week-end W. W. Turner leads with \$1.26, and the Central Drug Store comes second with \$1.07.

If you have ever been in West Ontario you have no doubt heard of Bethwell. Failing to get anyone in our meeting here, we determined to go where the people were, and after getting permission from the hotel-keeper, we were soon at work conducting a salvation meeting in the largest room in the hotel. When the singing started a goodly number came from the bar and other parts of the house. The mistress of the house came down, and at her request I sang a number of favorite notes. All present gave the best attention while I read from the Word of God. An offering of \$1.26 was given, and when leaving we received a warm invitation to come again. A number of merchants' boxes have been sent in, and in the near future we expect to re-organize the Light Brigade here.

Another week-end was spent at Dresden. Capt. Thompson and Lieut. Duncan have just taken hold here. The crowds were good both at the inside and open-air meetings. Miss Kerby, the G. B. M. Agent's, returns were over the average. I placed three more of our merchants' boxes, and left feeling confident that Dresden will do the best next quarter that has been done here for some years past.



When green vegetables come they should be put at once in the cellar or into the ice-box. Salads may be wrapped in a damp cloth, then in a newspaper, and put in the air.

Flour belongs in a bin or barrel raised a few inches from the floor. While wheat flour may be obtained in quantity, cornmeal and graham flour should only be purchased in small quantities and kept in tin or glass.

Onions should not be left cut, as they are great absorbers. Neither onions, bananas, nor mushrooms should be put in an ice-box with other food.

Tinware can be easily cleaned with ordinary dry flour rubbed on with a piece of newspaper. The article to be cleaned must first of all be well washed with hot water and soap, and when quite dry cleaned with the flour and paper.

To remove finger-marks from paint, rub with a cloth slightly moistened with paraffin. The marks will come off at once, and the paraffin will not injure the paint.

Iron chips, filings, or turnings should not be stored in a shop in wooden boxes. The oily waste which is not infrequently thrown among them adds to the danger of fire from this source. The sweepings from the machine shop, if kept on hand, should never be placed over iron shavings. This mass of disintegrated iron is enough to incite heat and combustion. Iron and steel filings and turnings, when mixed with oil, will ignite spontaneously after becoming carbonized.

One ought never to boil eggs. When they are boiled for three minutes they are called "soft boiled," but the fact is they are not actually soft boiled. A part of the white has been made hard and indigestible, and the rest of the white and the whole yolk have hardly been made hot. An egg properly cooked is not boiled; it is simply cooked. This is the way to cook eggs: Put six into a vessel that will hold two quarts. Fill this vessel with boiling water, and after covering closely, let it stand in a warm place for ten minutes—the hearth is a good place. By this time the eggs will be cooked equally well in every part, and the white will be soft and digestible. If one desires them better done, let them stand in the water ten or even twenty minutes longer, but do not place them on the range. Serve folded in a napkin.



### GREAT

The Self-Denial place from Feb. 27th

Commissioner How, is visiting Scandinavia, an important business tour includes Copenhagen.

Commissioner Rail will, however, be so able to resume active

A Sunday meeting London, Eng., has of mighty victory. A simultaneous and determination to em

An old lady was of our Slum Officers the hall, and the joy by a shilling and a old lady's gratitude Dropping on her knee would bless the de promote her to Glor

Some years ago a through one of our I She got saved, and a spectacle artisan. S vestigation Departm received a letter of Scotch lawyers res sister. An uncle ha sum of money was short time we were of their good fortune

A White Star li April 20th, will br Australia, a party to the Congress, w Lieut.-Colonel Gil Lieut.-Colonel Hils Unsworth, Brigad Albiston, Bray, an the Australian cor musical troupe kno party," which will count of itself in th

Thus the Britis the International The tide of inte national " is rising but is being stron





## GREAT BRITAIN.

The Self-Denial effort in England takes place from Feb. 27th to March 5th.

Commissioner Howard, the Foreign Secretary, is visiting Scandinavia for a series of important business conferences. He will be absent from England about a fortnight. His tour includes Christiania, Stockholm, and Copenhagen.

Commissioner Railton is a little better. It will, however, be some weeks before he is able to resume active duty.

A Sunday meeting at Blackfriars Shelter, London, Eng., has once more been the scene of mighty victory. Forty-six men rose almost simultaneously and sought pardon, with the determination to embark on a new course of life.

An old lady was recently employed by one of our Slum Officers in England to scrub out the hall, and, the job finished, was rewarded by a shilling and a much-needed meal. The old lady's gratitude found quaint expression. Dropping on her knees, she prayed that "God would bless the dear Captain, and speedily promote her to Glory."

Some years ago a young Scotch girl passed through one of our Rescue Homes in England. She got saved, and eventually married a respectable artisan. Some weeks since, the Investigation Department, at Mare St., London, received a letter of enquiry from a firm of Scotch lawyers respecting this girl and her sister. An uncle had died and a considerable sum of money was due to each. In a very short time we were able to inform both sisters of their good fortune.

A White Star liner, leaving Australia on April 20th, will bring over to England from Australia, a party of at least thirty visitors to the Congress, which will probably include Lieut.-Colonel Hoskin, Lieut.-Colonel Kyle, Lieut.-Colonel Gilmore, Mrs. Lieut.-Colonel Unsworth, Brigadier Fisher, Majors Perry, Alliston, and Hammond. Included in the Australian contingent will be a talented musical troupe known as the "Biorama Company," which will doubtless give a good account of itself in the Old Country.

Thus the British Cry speaks concerning the International Congress in London:

The tide of interest in the coming "International" is rising not only among ourselves, but is being strongly felt wherever the flag

flies. In New York and Toronto preparations are being made, on a worthy scale, to send a proper representation of every department of Army work included in these vast Territories. According to present information, we may expect the Congress to be reinforced by at least five hundred officers and comrades from these two sources alone. With regard to bands, I hear that the Toronto Staff Band and the Bermuda Band are among the musicians who are coming. Native parties are being got ready in India, Africa, Japan, and other countries. In short, international activity is a sign of the times.

## INDIA AND CEYLON.

Amongst the destitute men who partook of the Army's hospitality at Colombo, Ceylon, Prison Gate Home recently were a young fellow from England, an educated Bengali, and a smart American. Ceylon seems to be a dumping-ground for "undesirables." Without influence or friends they find it difficult to get work. One of this trio has since found employment, however, in the police force.

## JAPAN.

Colonel Bullard says that the eighth anniversary meeting of the work in Japan was undoubtedly the most successful we have yet held in Tokio. The hall was crowded, the attendance being composed more largely of influential people than before. The sympathy manifested also exceeded that shown on any previous occasion. One of the chief items was the marriage of Adj. Hamilton and Capt. Hammond—officers who are part of Australia's gift to Japan. The meeting closed with fourteen penitents.

Brigadier and Mrs. Duce, in spite of the outbreak of war in the far east, anticipate sailing from England for Japan immediately.

## NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

In connection with the birthday of King Oscar II., of Sweden and Norway, two hundred men were given a good dinner at our Christiania Shelters. Our Norwegian Staff Band supplied the music while the men dined. In such happy conditions they had little difficulty in wishing the King "many happy returns of the day."

Sweden's Women Auxiliaries recently visited the Stockholm Children's Shelter, and gladdened the hearts of the little inmates with their gifts, which mostly consisted of articles of clothing made by their own hands at their sewing-machines during the year. There were also coffee, singing, speaking, and delights for the children.

The sixteenth anniversary of the Army's fight in Norway was celebrated by a meeting in the Clameyergade Hall, Christiania, in January. Three thousand people were present. The demonstration was a great success, and continued until 1 p.m. The following message was sent from the meeting to the General: "Officers, soldiers, and friends assembled in Christiania for celebration of sixteenth anniversary send the General affectionate greetings. We praise God for continued tokens of His favor and blessing, and are determined to live for the salvation of the people. We are deeply moved by your loving message and gift for Aalesund sufferers."

## Fragmentary Thoughts

## ABOUT SEVERAL THINGS.

By Mrs. Blanche (Read) Johnston, Aux. Sec.

## Self-Control.

It is courage under another form, and may be regarded as the primary essence of character. A Christian life must be pervaded by rigid self-discipline and self-restraint. We must eschew evil and do good to stand in the evil day, to walk in the Spirit, and having put on the whole armor of God, to stand. This is the embodiment of self-control. "In the supremacy of self-control," says Herbert Spencer, "consists one of the perfections of the ideal man."

It will not only keep back the hasty word and unkind, uncharitable speech, but will enable us to think calmly about everything. It will help us, too, in our thoughts and feelings. Oh, let us guard the citadel of the heart. "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." We are what we think, much more than perhaps what we imagine, and it is only by patience and self-control that true, heroic, beautiful, noble characters are formed. "There are words which sever hearts more than sharp swords." May we be kept watchful of our words.

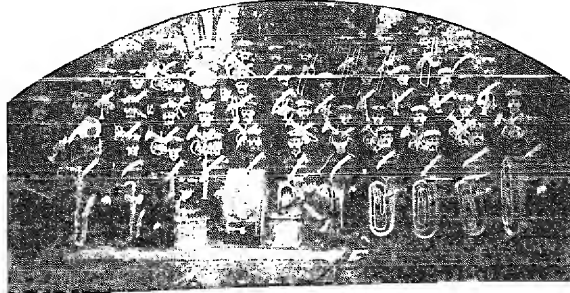
There is very great power in a gentle voice, and often I think women do not properly value its influence. David said to the Lord, "Thy gentleness hath made me great." David was King of Israel, but he did not say this was the reason for his greatness. He was a brave soldier, a clever musician, and yet he said the gentleness of the Lord had made him great.

## Good Books.

The importance of right reading is great. The mind, like the body, must have food. We cannot, of course, always advise what is best to read, because minds differ as faces differ. First of all, of course, there is the Bible. Tien books of history, the biographies of the good, and noble, and a variety of reading to feed the mental and spiritual appetites. Judge the value of the book by the effect it has upon your mental and spiritual life. Do you feel braver to fight life's battles, wiser to meet its problems, for your reading? Do you feel stimulated and strengthened mentally, as you do physically, after you have partaken of material food? Do you feel inspired to prayer, and more self-denying endeavor for God after your reading? Do you find all that is best in you waking up, as a spring of water touched by an unseen hand? Or do you feel dissatisfied with your sphere in life?

Some people read too little. They say they have no time, are too tired, or cannot settle their minds to do so. But this is a mistake. Five or ten minutes properly assimilated thought enlarges the mental faculties. Half an hour, or even a few minutes, proper reading refreshes and rests the mind greatly, and one is able to go back to work strengthened because of it.

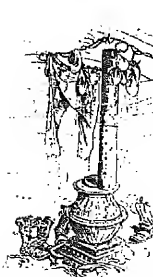
Concentration of the mind must be cultivated. Nothing can be done without concentration; it is very important in considering any subject. A few minutes spent in reading some bright, helpful spiritual subject, will relieve the tension, and send one back to the duty of the hour with a fresh buoyancy, stronger courage, and greater faith in God and His providences.



The Chalk Farm (London) Salvation Army Brass Band.



A Snap Shot—A Long List of Century Hustlers—Ashamed of the Name?—Nigger Again—A Hard Task.



Ontario Provinces. The North-West also to be commended. If all our hustlers sold at least 100 each what a mighty triumph we should achieve.

I am much pleased that Sergt. D. . . of New Aberdeen, sells somewhere between 40 and 50 this week, but, oh, why be ashamed of the name? Can't we be let into the secret by some means or other?

With the Central back again to the head of the Ontario Provinces, we may be on the verge of an earthquake. Time was when we could not tell what a week would bring forth, and that was when "Nigger," the C. O. P. war horse, was feeling his oats. Oh, happy days!

The fortress of Fort Toronto is again being besieged by the hustling host of Cadets. I see that the sisters are away in the lead this week. Whether this will continue is more than I can say.

Yes, I am thinking it will be a hard task to dislodge Capt. Malsey from her position at the head of the W. O. P. and the leading hustler of the territory. Still you never can tell till you get the news direct, so they say.

#### Eastern Province.

126 Hustlers.

Sec. Martin, Glace Bay	260
Lieut. A. Murphy, St. John I.	240
Mrs. Adj. O'Brien, Hamilton	200
Capt. B. Murchison, Fredericton	175
Capt. A. Murchison, North Sydney	160
C. C. Cunningham, New Glasgow	142
Capt. DeLong, Woodstock	135
Mrs. Capt. Kirk, Sydney	120
Lieut. Crowell, Sydney	120
Ensign Green, Dartmouth	110
Capt. E. M. Clark, Eastport	110
P. S.-M. Cashin, Halifax	110
Sergt. Hodgson, Halifax II.	110
Capt. Netting, Westville	105
Capt. Tiller, Liverpool	105
Mrs. Adj. Williams, Halifax	100
Sergt. Godson, Halifax	100
Sergt. Grace Nix, Windsor	100
Sergt. Doyle, Halifax IV.	100
Lieut. Rankins, Moncton	100
Ensign C. Allen, St. John III.	100
S.-M. Flood, Hamilton, Ber.	100

80 and Over.—Capt. Kirk, Sydney; Lieut. Walters, Canine; Mrs. Ensign Carter, Moncton; Capt. Fraser, Sackville; Lieut. McAmmond, Hamilton, Ber.

70 and Over.—Lieut. Pamey, Lunenburg; Lieut. Clark, Springhill; Capt. Smith, St. John II.; S.-M. Robinson, Amherst; Capt. Payne, Houlton; Mrs. Adj. Knight, Yarmouth; Wm. Jennings, St. George's, Ber.; Lieut. Berry, Somerset, Ber.

60 and Over.—Cadet Hardwick, Parrsboro; Lieut. Gilbank, Campbellton; Robt. Reid, St. John I.; Capt. Holden, St. George's, Ber.

50 and Over.—Capt. Chandler, Lieut. Slater, Dominion; Lieut. Jones, Reserve; Lieut. Brewer, Carleton; Lieut. Legge, Clark's Harbor; Capt. Redmond, Lieut. Greenleaf, Digby; Capt. L. Mercer, Sydney Mines; Capt. Tutin, Springhill; Mrs. Ensign Parsons, Chatham; Lieut. Tili, St. John II.; Sergt. James, Halifax II.; Lieut. Jaynes, Inverness; Theo. Jones, Halifax I.; Lieut. Greenleaf, Bridgetown; Sergt. Elphinstone, Mercer, St. John V.; Lieut. Knight, Eastport; Sergt. Armstrong, St. John III.; Ensign Prince, Sussex; Harry Smith, Genie Pickwood, St. George's, Ber.; Capt. Webb, Somerset, Ber.; Sergt. Virgil, Southampton, Ber.

40 and Over.—Sergt. D. . . New Aberdeen; Capt. Muttart, P. S.-M. Matthews, New Glasgow; Capt. McDonald, Carleton Place; Lieut. Elliot, Ensign Brown, Campbellton; Joe McKay, Halifax I.; Sergt. J. Sherrinham, Windsor; Sergt. Velaat, S.-M. Ivy Crosby, Yarmouth; Lieut. Wyll, Sussex. 30 and Over.—Capt. Clark, Lieut. Elliott, Sgt. Bonnell, Truro; Lieut. McGilivray, New Aberdeen; Capt. Conrad, Lieut. White, Canning; J. S.-M. Hale, Westville; Mrs. Beatty, Sergt. Mrs. White, Fredericton; Capt. W. White, Lieut. Fille, Bridgewater; Mrs. Adj. Wiegman, St. John I.; Capt. Davis,

Fairville; Treas. Brown, Halifax II.; Capt. Melkie, Lieut. McMasters, Chas. McKay, Stellarton; Sergt. B. Sherrinham, Windsor; Mrs. Barnes, Bridgetown; Capt. Hamilton, Calais; Sister Esther Jackson, Yarmouth; Capt. McLennan, Lieut. Harvey, Antigonish; Capt. Strothard, North Head; Capt. Taylor, Lieut. Garalde, Londonderry; Sergt. Mrs. Pearce, Hamilton, Ber.

20 and Over.—Capt. Hargrove, Beasle Lovely, Parrsboro; George Copeland, Truro; Ensign Hudson, New Glasgow; Mrs. Ross, S.-M. Chase, Lieut. Ginnivan, Bear River; Capt. White, Lieut. Speck, Sister Lewis, Lunenburg; Adj. Capt. Springhill; Capt. Richards, Lieut. McWilliams, Hulsboro; Lieut. Burnard, Sergt. Englund, Chatham; Lieut. Lee, Fairville; Sister Yetman, Halifax II.; Sergt. Anne, Hamilton; Sergt. Nickerson, Houlton; Sergt. Mrs. George, Mrs. Lodge, Hamilton; Sergt. Phillips, Herbert Harrison, Somerset, Ber.

#### Central Ontario Province.

81 Hustlers.

Lieut. Jordan, St. Catharines	160
S.-M. Andrews, Temple	125
P. S.-M. Jordan, Lippincott	101
Mrs. Mosley, Lippincott	100
Capt. Meader, Michigan Soo	100

80 and Over.—Capt. Oke, Lieut. Chislett, Sudbury; Mrs. Adj. Hyde, Ligar St.; Lieut. Varnell, S. O. Ont.

70 and Over.—Capt. Balrd St. Catharines; P. S.-M. Jones, Huntsville; Ensign McCelland, Riverside.

60 and Over.—Adj. Rogers, Collingwood; Lieut. Richards, Temple; Sergt. Vinate, Temple.

50 and Over.—Sgt. Mrs. Sucey, Temple; Lieut. M. Courtemanche, Gravenhurst; Lieut. A. Winholt, Aurora; Capt. Clark, Dundas; Mrs. Bowers, Ligar St.; Capt. Bond, Soo, Ont.; Lieut. Smith, Meaford; Capt. Jago, Meaford; Capt. Carwardine, Parry Sound; Capt. Fisher, Brantford; Adj. Burrows, Lieut. Eade, Owen Sound; Capt. M. Stephens, Lieut. A. Pascoe, Hamilton I.; Mrs. Moore, Riverside; Mrs. Capt. Calvert, Capt. Calvert, Orillia.

40 and Over.—S. Sheppard, Saugeen Falls; Illida Meeks, Newmarket; Lieut. Hains, Ravatrade; Ensign Clink, Capt. Stickle, Mrs. Fullbrook, Barrie; Capt. Andrews, Lieut. Pease, Orangeville.

30 and Over.—Ensign J. McCann, Capt. J. Dauber-villa, Fenelon Falls; Laura Wiggins, Lippincott; Sarah Greentree, Oshawa; Sergt. Dickinson, Dundas; Capt. Stollker, Truro; Mofit, Riverside; Mrs. Caiver, Ensign Banks, Brantford; Lieut. Harveoer, Sturgeon Falls; Wm. Chusney, Collingwood.

20 and Over.—Sergt. Freeman, Lippincott; Mrs. Heddine, Huntsville; Lieut. Hudge, Parry Sound; Sergt. Gibson, Bowmansville; Sister E. Seard, Orillia; Lieut. New, Yorkville; Sister Skerrit, Lippincott; Lieut. Clark, Brooklin; Sergt. St. Germaine, Lippincott; Warren, Orillia; Capt. Plant, Riverside; Sergt. Major Campbell, Chesley; Lieut. Rover, Little Current; C.-C. Keetch, C.-C. Gray, Sister Walthenbury, Clark's Falls; Bro. Nelson, Lindsay; Sister McWilliams, Sergt. Mrs. Bradley, Lizzie Bradley, Temple; Ensign Haley, Dovercourt; Sister Quick, Soo, Ont.; C.-C. Short, Lieut. Plummer, Oshawa; R. Sherwood, K. Yonge, Collingwood.

#### West Ontario Province.

73 Hustlers.

Capt. Malsey, London	325
Ensign Bechtolt, Brantford	150
Capt. Lightbourn, Brantford	150
Maggie Chatterton, Petrolia	150
Mrs. Huffman, Woodstock	134
Capt. Woods, St. Thomas	124
Capt. Jones, Chatham	124
Mrs. Ensign LeCocq, Sarnia	122
Mrs. Capt. Corgan, Walkersburg	120
Lieut. Beckingham, Stratford	110
Lieut. Rippers, Wingham	110
Lieut. Setter, Clinton	110
Lieut. Clegg, Shazoo	110
Capt. Parker, Seaford	105
Capt. Wilson, Leamington	105
Sergt.-Major Bryden, Windsor	100

80 and Over.—Mrs. Adj. Bloss, Guelph; Sister Gooding, Mrs. Adj. Snow, Galt; Capt. Yeomans, Norwich; Mrs. Capt. Sharpe, Ingersoll.

70 and Over.—Capt. Cline-Smith, Hespeler.

60 and Over.—Aggie McMillan, Strathroy; Adj. Bloss, Guelph; Capt. Hancock, St. Thomas; Capt. Horwood, Stratford; Staff-Capt. Desbriand, Chatham; Capt. Sharpe, Ingersoll; Capt. Pattenden, Lieut. Oke, Forestburg; Lieut. Scarff, Tillsonburg; Sergt. Oke, Forestburg.

50 and Over.—Capt. Thompson, Lieut. Dunan, Dresden; Sergt. Baker, London; Ensign Howcroft, Woodstock; Capt. Cook, Ridgeway; Mrs. Major Cooper, Woodstock; Lieut. Brown, Lippincott; Lieut. Brown, Woodstock; Capt. Young, Bothwell; Adj. Cameron, Petrolia; Ensign LeCocq, Sarnia; Capt. Fenimore, Tillsonburg; Capt. Green, Palmerston.

40 and Over.—S.-M. Norberry, Lieut. Wea-therbee, Watford; S.-M. Norberry, Lieut. Wea-therbee, Watford; Sergt. Mrs. Harding, Stratford; Lieut. Brown, S.-M. Cutting, Essex; Mrs. Lamb, Stratford; Mrs. Slater, Mrs. Wright, Petrolia; Aylmer; Capt. Pickle, Ridgeway; Mrs. Thompson, Woodstock; Ensign Dowdell, Listowel.

30 and Over.—C.-C. Matlock, C.-C. McLaughlin, Capt. Burton, Peterborough; Lieut. Wright, Petrolia; Capt. Eyre, Simcoe; Capt. Richardson, Leamington; Blenheim; C.-C. Cable, Stratford; C.-C. Virtue, Windsor; Mrs. Capt. Cline-Smith, Sister Ida

Masterson, Hespeler; Ruth and Grace Green, Palmerston; Bro. Musgrove, Wroxeter.

#### East Ontario Province.

72 Hustlers.

P. S.-M. Dudley, Ottawa	135
P. S.-M. Mulechey, Montreal I.	145
Sergt. Rogers, Montreal I.	125
Lieut. Livornore, Barre	115
Mrs. Ensign Thompson, Ottawa	110
Mrs. Ensign Bradbury, Deseronto	100
Lieut. Smith, Juebee	100

90 and Over.—Capt. Hicks, Lieut. Foley, Burlington; Ensign Crego, Picton.

80 and Over.—Ensign Slater, Sherbrooke.

70 and Over.—Capt. Gibson, Tweed; Lieut. Webber, Brockville; Lieut. Legge, Port Hope; Mrs. Steven-son, Peterboro; Mrs. Capt. Coy, Smith's Falls; Sergt. Moors, Montreal I.

60 and Over.—Sergt. Raymo, Barre; Capt. Liddell, Lieut. Phillips, Pembroke; Capt. Crawford, Lieut. Thonias, Napanee; Lieut. Nelson, Newport.

50 and Over.—Capt. Miller, Lieut. Coles, Prescott; Capt. Gates, Port Hope; Lieut. Allan, Ottawa; Capt. Ash, Gananoque; Mrs. Capt. Clark, Elgin, Procter, Coo, and Over.—Lieut. McFadden, Odessa; Sergt. Cook, Newport; Lieut. Penfold, Ogdensburg; Lieut. Osmond, Capt. Lang, Trenton; Ensign Gammalidge, Kenyville; Sergt. Russell, Sergt. Hatcher, Adj. Kendall, Montreal I.

40 and Over.—Capt. Rutledge, Millbrook; Lieut. Miller, Campbellford; Treas. White, Lizzie White, Brockville; Marcus, Clark, Cornwall; Capt. Gail, Cobourg; May Flannigan, Cornwall; Esther Mollari, Peterboro; Sister Leaman, Treas. Halpin, Smith's Falls; Sergt. Mulcahy, Sergt. Swift, Sergt. Vaucou, Sergt. Colley, Montreal I.

30 and Over.—Sister Jewell, C.-C. Hayhoe, Mary Penn, Sister Knight, Picton; Lieut. Bro. Caplan, Young, Peterboro; Mrs. Ensign White, Mrs. Huggen, Ensign White, P. S.-M. Marshall, and League Mercy, Montreal I.; Sister Wilda, Smith's Falls; Lieut. Hodge, Sherbrooke; Mrs. Wyles, Ogdensburg; Dad Duquet, Trenton; Sergt. Peterson, Montreal I.

#### Newfoundland Province.

40 Hustlers.

Capt. Trask, St. John's I.	100
70 and Over.—Adj. Byers, St. John's I.	
60 and Over.—Ensign Oxford, Harbor Grace; Nettie Rose, Grand Bank; P. S.-M. Whitten, St.	

50 and Over.—Lieut. Dagg, Bay Roberts; Lieut. F. Jones, Burlington; Lieut. Woodrey, St. John's I.

40 and Over.—Cadet Windsor, Greensand; Lieut. Morgan, Carbonate; Lieut. Newhook, Dildo; Mrs. Harris, Cadet C. Tuck, St. John's I.

30 and Over.—Lieut. Lock, Lieut. Palmer, Tilt Cove; Cand. Price, Pelly's Island; Sergt. Bell, Bonny Bay; Lieut. Sharron, Channel; Adj. Sparks, Bonny Bay; Lieut. Henderson, Hants Harbor; S.-M. Downey, Scilly Cove; Lieut. Whitman, Fortune; P. S.-M. Shillingham, Capt. Blackmore, Twillingate; Sergt. Farie, St. John's I.

20 and Over.—Sergt.-Major Anthony, Pelly's Is-land; Mrs. Ensign Mouton, Westville; P. S.-M. Bailey, Sergt. Morgan, St. John's I.; S.-M. Ad-Clareville; Lieut. Porter, Musgraveville; Lieut. Morgan, James; Lieut. Brown, Clark's Beach; Emily Butler, Port de Grave; Lieut. Butler, Old Perican; Sergt. Thompson, S. W. Arm; Capt. C. Reader, Dol-ing Cove; Lieut. G. Jones, Dildo; P. S.-M. Green, Arnold's Cove; Cadet Townbridge, St. John's I.

#### North-West Province.

89 Hustlers.

Lieut. Henderson, Winnipeg	179
Lieut. Keller, Winnipeg	175
Cand. Holbrook, Calgary	157
Mrs. Ensign Gihlan, Fargo	150
Ensign Hall, Fort William	120
Mrs. Staff-Capt. Ayre, Brandon	120
Sergt.-Major Leadman, Winnipeg	120
Lieut. McArthur, Port Arthur	120
C.-C. Pettitt, Medicine Hat	100
Lieut. Smith, Lethbridge	100
Lieut. Addison, Devil's Lake	100

80 and Over.—Adj. Gran, Edmonton.

60 and Over.—Capt. Coulter, Edmonton; Lieut. Pearce, Minot.

50 and Over.—Lieut. Miller, Capt. Fleming, Regina; Mrs. Capt. Grand Forks.

40 and Over.—Lieut. Eastman, Jamestown; Lieut. Gardiner, Dauphin; Capt. Lenwick, Cand. Craig, Moose Jaw; Capt. Irwin, Prince Albert; Capt. Pearce, Grand Forks.

30 and Over.—Sergt. Gatter, Winnipeg; Capt. Fors-berg, Valley City; C.-C. B. Lyons, Whittier; Lieut. Piester, Bismarck; Mrs. Adj. Stalger, Moorhead; Mrs. Chapman, Winnipeg; Lieut. McCallum, Lieut. Stundell, Lathrop.

20 and Over.—Capt. Kennel, Carman; Sergt. Mrs. Bryan, Sergt. Bell, Winnipeg; Lieut. Karns, Rat Portage; Dan Reece, Neepawa; Adj. E. Hayes, Grand Forks; Capt. Elliott, Jamestown; Mrs. Capt. Swain, Selkirk.

#### Pacific Provinces.

26 Hustlers.

Mrs. Wilkins, Victoria	180
Capt. McDonald, Billings	160

80 and Over.—S. S.-M. Bratz, Capt. Hapsteln, Helena; Lieut. Lewis, Missoula; Capt. McDonald, Billings.

70 and Over.—Capt. Heuter, Vancouver; Sister Wright, Nelson.

60 and Over.—Adj. Dean, Nelson; Millie Little, Victoria; Sergt. Terryferro, Bro. Whipple, Van-couver.

40 and Over.—J. S. S. Lewis, Vancouver; Mrs. Adj. Blackburn, Rossland; Mrs. Dayton, Revel-stoke; Capt. Grosier, Victoria; Lieut. Halpin, Vancouver; Adj. Blackburn, Rossland.

30 and Over.—Lieut. Pickard, Billings; Capt. Day-ton, Revelstoke.

20 and Over.—Capt. Holder, Mrs. Larder, Everett; Mrs. Hayes, Mt. Vernon; C.-C. May Gunton, Mt. Newhouse, Nelson.

#### Territorial Training College.

19 Hustlers.

Cadet Daisy Bond, 71; Cadet Carrie Morris, 60;	
Cadet Minnie Clark, 51; Cadet Lizzie Thompson, 45;	

Cadet John Woodh-  
44; Cadet Lunay,  
37; Cadet Peter, Mo-  
34; Cadet Mary Joh-  
Cadet Carrie Stime-  
Cadet John Osborn-  
23; Cadet Malcolm  
22; Cadet Bryan R-



The human lung, as stated, in its general consists of elastic tubes, numerous in the honey-comb in the lungs are called minute, and are from it resemble a large, if the cau- continue to a fine this fine bag con- cells become con- pens in many pla- is that the breath- the partition wall- follows that the- entering the lung- effect of breaking- as would result if- This condition- cause which inter- from the cells; fo- air-cells are dis- and collapse or- Hence any impede- tere with this fal- if sufficiently low- distension, or ex- cuts in musician- wind instrum- wind from the lu- the obstacle, and- in consequence.

Symptoms.—E- a considerable at- attention to the lung; but after breathing the ac- tive exercise, characteristic, i- labored, in draw- ing the air, and expiration- tion of the lung- four times as lo- of expiratio- act of expiratio- inspiration.

This disease n- and, indeed, see- ing infancy or- troublesome or- life is attained.

In well-mark- the chest is so- physician recog- upper part of- tenced from al- during inspirati- part and above- breast bone tog- piece.

Treatment.— consist usually- with which it- the latter dimi- but little anno- the latter be- already indicat- fore, be emplo- also.



The years Europe, Muel- of Vienna, in- thrown, had b- carved out, the- were consider- discontent ev- the north wa- his German a- able in the to- The Italian- the help of t- time there w- at Rome, th- a thousand- Church; but- to their Rom- a sad statu- chosen. Plus- people went- and so alarm- a servant be- Now, the f- rule over th- quite of his c- of only as a- one else. An- who had not- so many h- anxious to h-



c Morris, 60:  
Thompson, 47:

100

Dried fruit should be kept in air-tight glass cans or  
nuts in a cool, dry place to prevent their growing  
rancid, and chocolate, cocoa, and cocoa-shells in  
cold storage. Molasses and syrups need to be where  
it is cool.

# SONGS OF THE WEEK.

## JOY IN THE SERVICE OF JESUS.

By F. Ashton, Peterboro.

Tune.—When the Trumpet Sounds (B.J. 46).

There is joy in the service of Jesus,  
There are pleasures the world cannot give,  
From all sin the Lord has redeemed us,  
And we now for His glory live.  
Our lives are filled with blessing,  
As heavenward we are pressing,  
And the blood our souls is cleansing,  
From the very power of sin.

Chorus.

No, we never will give in.

Rest and peace we have found in Jesus,  
And our hearts He has filled with His love,  
From the fear of death He relieves us,  
And He fits us to reign above.  
Around us souls are dying,  
To save them we are trying,  
Very soon they will be lying,  
Where no mercy can come in.

Sinner, turn to the Loving Saviour,  
He alone can release you from sin,  
Do not stay till you may get better,  
He is sure now to take you in.  
Your soul He'll fill with gladness,  
And chase away all sadness,  
As the devil, in his madness,  
Cries, "Another saved from sin."

## I LOVE THEE.

Tune.—I Need Thee (N.B.B. 243).

1 I love Thee every hour,  
Thou loving One;  
Because Thou first loved me,  
Thou suffering Son.

Chorus.

1 I love Thee, oh, I love Thee;  
Live to love and serve Thee;  
All I have, My Saviour,  
I give to Thee.

1 I love Thee every hour,  
And Thee alone;  
My Love, my Life, my Lord,  
My All-in-one.

1 I love Thee every hour,  
To hear Thy voice,  
And do Thy blessed will  
Is all my choice.

1 I love Thee every hour,  
And I am Thine;  
And I have All-in-all,  
For Thou art mine.

## BE READY.

Tunes.—Judgment Day (N.B.B. 62); No Other Argument (N.B.B. 53).

5 Terribis thought! Shall I alone,  
Who may be saved—shall I—  
Of all, alas! whom I have known—  
Through sin for ever die?

Chorus.

I'll for that awful day prepare,  
Repent and turn to God;  
His life He gave, He longs to save,  
And wash me in His blood.

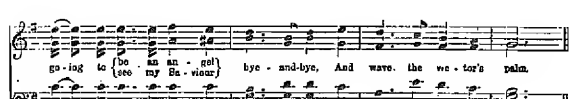
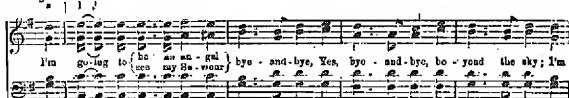
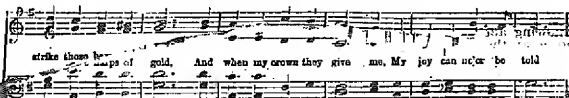
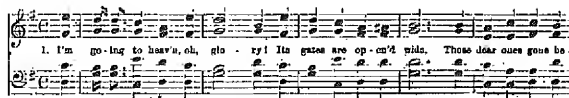
While all my old companions dear,  
With whom I once did live,  
Joyful at God's right hand appear,  
A blessing to receive.

Shall I amidst a ghastly band,  
Dragged to the judgment seat,  
Far on the left with horror stand,  
My fearful doom to meet?

## I'm Going to be an Angel.

Words and Music by Evangeline Booth, Commissioner.

*Inf. Allegro moderato.*



I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
No surges dash those shores,  
No feet made sore or weary  
Tread on those golden floors.  
I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
No sorrow there is known,  
The meaning of grief's mystery  
Is told by Him alone.

I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
There conflicts crowned will be,  
And seeming failures dreary  
Will find their victory.

I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
To sing the conquering grace,  
With thousands of the Army,  
I'll see Him face to face.

I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
To see the martyr throng,  
Whose ever-living memory  
Has helped ten thousand on.  
I'm going to heaven, oh, glory!  
My soul is filled with prayer,  
For strength to get made ready,  
A crowd to meet me there.

## HASTEN HOME.

By Mrs. Scott Cowan, Palmerston, Ont.

Tune.—Ella Rhen.

4 O wanderer from the fold of God,  
Why will you longer roam?  
The Saviour waits so patiently  
To welcome sinners home.

Chorus.

Oh, come away; oh, come away;  
In sin no longer roam;  
Your day of grace flies fast away,  
Oh, haste, backslider, home.

What are earth's pleasures all to thee  
If thou dost lose thy soul?  
Then leave all doubts and fears behind,  
And seek the shepherd's fold.

Christ will to you give peace and joy,  
If you will seek His face,  
And ever through eternity  
You'll sing of wondrous grace.

Ah, no! I still may turn and live,  
For still His wrath delays;  
He now vouchsafes a kind reprieve,  
And offers me His grace.

1 I will accept His offer now,  
From every sin depart,  
Perform my oft-repeated vow,  
And render Him my heart.

## GO FORWARD.

By A. J. Craig, Sergt.-Major, Midland, Ont.

Tune.—The Joy that Lies Under the Cross.

Of many who faint at the present-day strife,  
My thoughts run to-day on the journey of life,  
The path that we all have to tread,  
Forgetting that victory's ahead.

It's not by the strong that the fight must be won,  
But by those who're cleansed from all dross,  
Who always look upward as forward they run,  
For the joy that lies under the cross.

## Chorus.

Oh, the joy that lies under the cross,  
The joy that lies under the cross,  
Best rapture divine, this treasure is mine,  
The joy that lies under the cross.

How many there are who make shipwreck of faith,  
Because the Lord's will they won't do;  
How dreadful to find, at the river of death,  
No Jesus to carry them through.  
Full strength for your journey the Lord will provide:  
Go forward; you'll suffer no loss;  
And freely He'll give, as He walks by our side,  
The joy that lies under the cross.

When Jesus was climbing up Calvary's hill,  
And sank 'neath the weight of our load,  
He didn't turn back, but pressed to the end,  
And purchased our peace with His blood.  
A mansion in glory He's gone to prepare  
For those who have counted the cost;  
And as we press forward we daily do share  
The joy that lies under the cross.

Then, comrades, go forward, be brave in the fight,  
Don't falter, though sometimes 'tis hard,  
But press boldly onward, stand up for the right,  
And lean on the strength of our Lord.

The battle is His; soon the victory will come.

And we over Jordan will cross;  
Rejoicing we'll sing, as we march round the throne,  
Of the joy that lies under the cross.

## Coming Events.

BRIGADIER AND MRS. SOUTHALL,  
Peterboro, Easter Saturday, Sunday,  
and Monday.

MAJOR AND MRS. STANYON.  
Brantford ..... March 12, 13.

## CINEMATOGRAPH LECTURE.

Brigadier Pickering will lecture on the Life and Work of Consul Booth-Tucker, illustrated by Views and Moving Pictures, and continue Special Meetings at Midland, Sat., Sun., March 12, 13, 14; Fenelon Falls, Tues., March 15; Halliburton, Wed., March 15; Lindsay, Thurs., March 17; Peterboro, Fri., March 18; Bowmanville, Sat., Sun., March 19, 20, 21; Oshawa, Tues., March 22; Whitby, Wed., March 23; Brooklyn, Thurs., March 24; Port Perry, Fri., March 25; Uxbridge, Sat., Sun., March 26, 27, 28; Markham, Thurs., March 29; Hamilton, Sat., Sun., and Mon., April 2, 3, 4; Dundas, Tues., April 5; Grimsby, Wed., April 6; Thorold, Thurs., April 7; Niagara Falls, Fri., April 8; St. Catharines, Sat., Sun., and Mon., April 9, 10, 11; Brampton, Tues., April 12; Milton, Wed., April 13; Orangeville, Thurs., April 14; Chesley, Fri., April 15; Owen Sound, Sat., Sun., and Mon., April 16, 17, 18; Meaford, Tues., April 19; Collingwood, Wed., April 20.

## CENTRAL ONTARIO PROVINCE.

C. O. P. Revivalists.—Feversham, Feb. 24 to March 12; Collingwood, March 14 to March 27; Meaford, March 28 to April 11.

## T. F. S. APPOINTMENTS.

Ensign Bloss—Midland, March 12, 13, 14; Fenelon Falls, March 15; Halliburton, March 16; Lindsay, March 17; Oshawa, March 18; Bowmanville, March 19, 20, 21; Oshawa, March 22; Whitby, March 23; Brooklyn, March 24; Port Perry, March 25; Uxbridge, March 26, 27, 28; Markham, March 29; Temple, April 1; Hamilton, April 2, 3, 4; Dundas, April 5; Grimsby, April 6; Thorold, April 7; Niagara Falls, April 8; St. Catharines, April 9, 10, 11; Brampton, April 12.

Ensign Poole.—Paris, March 12, 13; Brantford, March 14, 15; Tillsonburg, March 16; Simcoe, March 17; Norwich, March 18; Woodstock, March 19, 20; Ingersoll, March 21.

Ensign Edwards.—Barre, March 14, 15, 16; St. Johnsbury, March 17, 18; Newport, March 19, 20; Sherbrooke, March 21, 22; Inverness, March 23, 24, 25; Quebec, March 26-30; Kamptville, April 2, 3; Smith's Falls, April 4, 5; Ottawa, April 6, 7, 8; Arnprior, April 9, 10.

Ensign Mercer.—Carman, March 14, 15; Ft. William, March 17, 18; Port Arthur, March 19, 20; Dryden, March 22; Rat Portage, March 23, 24; Selkirk, March 25, 26, 27; Winnipeg, March 28.

Ensign Shanley.—Chestnut, March 15; Butte, March 17, 18; Missoula, March 21; Wallace, March 24; Spokane, March 26.